

## GERMANS ROUTED, NOW FACE NEW DISASTER; TRAPPED BY FLOODS ON VESLE

### FLANK MENACED, GERMANS FORCED TO FULL RETREAT

Counter-Attack Near Oulchy  
Was Last Effort To  
Hold Line

### CENTER IS BROKEN

American Smash For Five  
Miles At Coulouges Pre-  
cipitates Flight

### SQUEEZED ON WING

Capture Of Soissons Leaves  
No Choice But General  
Retirement

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, August 5.—Soissons is back in the hands of the Allies and the Germans are in full retreat over the whole long battlefield with the French, British and American forces in hot pursuit.

The attack made by the enemy in the region of Oulchy on Tuesday night was his last bid for possession of the line, from the Soissons-Chateau-Thierry road to Ville-en-Tardenois, which he had hoped to be able to hold.

When he failed to retake Oulchy and secure the left flank of his center, he was faced with the necessity of retiring his line to the Vesle instead of being able to force the Allies to accept battle on the intermediate line.

Squeezed Into Pocket

No time was lost by the Allies to precipitate the enemy's defeat. While French and British troops aimed a series of irresistible blows at the staggering adversary in the region of Soissons and along the Crise on the western side of the shallow pocket which remained to the Germans, the French and Americans on the center were pressing the enemy hard north of the Ourcq, and General Bertelot's French, British and Italian forces were squeezing his line on the eastern side of the pocket and encroaching along the Ardre and round the north of Ville-en-Tardenois.

The American troops badly dented the enemy's center by the capture of Coulouges and a forward bound of about five miles.

Whole Line Cracks

Simultaneously both sides of the pocket swayed and the Germans recoiled under the incessant blows which had undermined their resistance. Then the whole of the battered German line cracked and recoiled. The retreat went on simultaneously from all sides.

Soissons fell and deprived the enemy of the real pivot upon which his whole line depended for its resistance. General Mangin's troops swarmed over the Crise and the Franco-Americans came upon the German center in a converging movement. Bigny, east of Ville-en-Tardenois, the next strongest point in the German line succumbed. Then began a hot pursuit of the enemy.

The American heavy artillery has cut the adversary's communications and spread confusion among his fleeing forces. Fires are visible in the German rear over the whole extent of what was once part of the fatal pocket, and it is fairly evident for the time being the Crown Prince's forces have been constrained to a disorderly rout in their haste to get back to the Vesle in the hope of being able to stabilize their line.

Disaster Now Likely

The anniversary of the entry of France into the war has been appropriately marked with the stirring news that the Crown Prince's army is again in full retreat, with an increasing possibility of that disaster which Reuter's predicted in a cablegram on the 30th.

The immediate cause of the retreat was the brilliant successes gained by the army commanded by General Mangin and General Degoutti north of the Ourcq, who effected a junction at a right angle enabling a beginning to be made on August 1 of the task of clearing the important ridge which divides the Crise from the Ourcq.

The British division in General Mangin's army started the operation

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### Mutiny Breaks Out In Bulgarian Army, Revolution In Sight

Intense Dissatisfaction At Front  
Because Of Underfeeding  
Of Soldiers

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, August 5.—A telegram from Amsterdam states that according to news from Germany a serious mutiny occurred last week in the Bulgarian army, the troops demanding an immediate peace. Intense dissatisfaction prevails at the front owing to the underfeeding of the Bulgarian troops and all indications point to an impending revolution. Soldiers threw missiles at the Turkish Legation and a special guard was requested and given to the German Legation.

### TUCHUNS GIVE SUPPORT TO HSU FOR PRESIDENT

Tientsin Conference Is Con-  
cluded With Decision To  
Prosecute War On South

Reuter's Pacific Service

Peking, August 5.—A vernacular report states that the Tientsin Conference has concluded. General Chang Hui-chi visits Peking before returning to Hankow while the other Military Governors return direct to their respective posts in a few days. They have passed resolutions in favor of the prosecution of the campaign against the South and have agreed to do their best to secure the election of Hsu Shih-chang as President while with regard to the post of Vice-President the Military Governors promised to do their best to secure the election of General Tiao Kun provided the latter carried out their wishes regarding the resumption of hostilities.

Yesterday the Military Conference passed a resolution authorizing the Military Governors of Kirin and Heilungkiang to organize emergency corps for the defence of the frontier. A number of telegrams have been despatched to the provinces stating that the despatch of troops to Manchuria is quite apart from the Vladivostok expedition and is being carried out independently of Japan or any other Power.

Canton, August 5.—A legal quorum for the House of Representatives and also for the Senate of the National Assembly has already been secured and the business of the regular session begins on August 6.

Parliament Meets August 10

It has been authoritatively announced that the new Parliament in Peking will convene on or about August 10, according to Chinese reports. The number of newly elected lawmakers that have reported for duty has reached a quorum already. Their first function will be the election of the Speakers of the Senate and the Lower House, for which the candidates are Liang Shih-yi, Chu Chi-chien, the former monarchist and Wang Yi-tang, the speaker of the National Council. The Presidential election is expected to start on August 20.

### 12,000 TONS STEAMER IS BUILT IN 24 DAYS

Invincible, Launched At Pacific  
Coast Shipyard, Breaks  
All Records

(American Wireless To Reuters)

Washington, August 4.—The Shipping Board has announced the launching of a Pacific Coast shipyard of 12,000 deadweight tons, twenty-four days after the keel was laid. This broke all records in the launching of vessels. It is said that this was a "Liberty" ship from start to finish, as the keel was laid July 4, five seconds after the launching of her sister-ship "Eagle," which was built in forty days.

The Merchants Shipyard launched its first hull on Saturday and the Hog Island Yard its first hull on Monday. The United States Government is putting in production all of the four great Eastern yards for the building of fabricated ships.

Philadelphia, August 3.—The Shipping Board has announced that the War Industries Board has promised the Emergency Fleet Corporation 50,000 tons of steel plates and 15,000 tons of steel shapes weekly next year. This is enough steel to construct 10,500 tons of shipping yearly.

Seattle, August 3.—Shipbuilders here during July broke all records by launching an average tonnage of 161,750 in new ships including nine steel and seven wooden vessels.

## What We May Expect After The Marne Debacle



### HONGKONG LANDSLIDE COSTS SEVERAL LIVES

Mass Of Earth Rolls Down  
Morrison Hill Road And Three  
Foreigners May Be Dead

Reuter's Pacific Service

Hongkong, August 5.—Continuous heavy rains have accounted for two serious landslides, which were attended by loss of life, and several minor ones.

Yesterday afternoon a big mass of earth, carrying with it two huge boulders, slid down Morrison Hill road, entombing the servants quarters of houses Nos. 14, 16, 18 and 20. The wife, youngest son, niece and amiah of Mr. Baker, an employee of the China Sugar Refinery, are believed to be buried in the debris. Mrs. Allen, the occupant of No. 18, and her family escaped in time but an amah was crushed to death, while the family of Mr. Leach, a marine engineer, occupying No. 20 escaped unhurt.

At 5:30 yesterday evening the top-floor of a tenement house at West Point collapsed with the result that a Chinese was killed, two men and two women seriously and a boy slightly injured.

There has been a landslide on the British section of the Canton-Kowloon Railway near Tai Po Market and another in the Chinese section between Pukut and Lilong.

### Seek Age Extension For Draft Men In U.S.

Baker To Recommend Making  
Limits 19 To 45 For Selec-  
tive Service

(American Wireless To Reuters)

Washington, August 3.—The Secretary of War has announced that he would recommend to Congress an extension of the military selective service ages to a minimum of nineteen years and maximum of forty-five years.

## America Explains Policy On Siberian Intervention

Won't Interfere In Russia But Will Send Force Equal  
To Japan's To Help Czechs Against Teutons

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, August 3.—The Acting Secretary of State issues the following statement to the press in regard to the action taken by America and Japan in Siberia:

"In the judgment of the Government of the United States, a judgment arrived at after repeated and very searching consideration of the whole situation, military intervention in Russia would be more likely to add to the present sad confusion there than to cure it and would injure Russia rather than help her out of her distresses.

"Such military intervention as has been frequently proposed, even supposing it to be efficacious in its immediate object of delivering an attack upon Germany from the east, would, in its judgment, be more likely to turn out to be merely a method of making use of Russia than to be a method of serving her. Her people, if they profited by it at all, could not profit by it in time to deliver them from their present desperate difficulties and their substance would in the meantime be used to maintain foreign armies, not to reconstitute their own and to feed their own men, women and children.

Unwise To Scatter Forces

"We are bending all our energies now to the purpose, the resolute and confident purpose of winning on the Western front and it would, in the judgment of the United States, be most unwise to divide or dissipate our forces.

"As the Government of the United States sees the present circumstances therefore, military action is inadvisable in Russia now only to render such protection and help as is possible to the Czech-Slovaks against the armed Austrian and German prisoners who are attacking them and to steady any efforts at self-government of self-defense in which the Russians themselves may be willing to accept assistance, whether from Vladivostok or from Murmansk and Archangel.

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## STARVING AUSTRIANS MEET TO TAKE ACTION

Will Obtain Food By Own Means  
Unless Government Pro-  
vides It, They Threaten

(American Wireless To Reuters)

Washington, August 4.—Official despatches received here say that in Austria workmen who are dying of starvation recently sent delegates to a convention at Vienna. All delegates stated the population are dying of hunger. The death rate is enormous and epidemics are raging throughout the country. Delegate Schewel, from Moravia, warned the convention that there was absolutely no coal for the coming winter. The delegates from Innsbruck declared that in the face of the helplessness of the Government the workmen ought to obtain by themselves the means to relieve their hunger.

## VON HELFERICH DEMANDS ASSASSINS BE PUNISHED

Insists On Severe Penalties For  
Murderers Of German Field  
Marshal In Kieff

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Zurich, August 2.—Dr. von Helfferich, the newly appointed German representative at Moscow has sent a note to Trotsky, the Bolshevik leader, demanding that the most severe punishment be inflicted on the murderers of Field Marshal von Eichhorn and also the destruction of the hotbeds of intrigue against Germany in Moscow and Petrograd.

London, August 3.—A telegram from Stockholm says that the American Consul-General has notified the Russian Commissary for Foreign Affairs that in the opinion of the Entente consults the political situation has not been altered by the departure of the Entente Ambassadors from Vologda and the Consuls intend to remain in Moscow.

## EXTENT OF VICTORY TO THRILL WORLD, SAYS WASHINGTON

Number Of Prisoners Cap-  
tured Will Startle Allied  
Nations, Press Reports

## FISMES IS CIRCLED

Americans Surround Important  
Railroad Center On  
Every Side

## TRAPPED ON RIVER

Floods Prevent Enemy From  
Crossing Vesle And Force  
Is Wiped Out

(American Wireless To Reuters)

Washington, August 4.—The Allied troops have crossed the Vesle at several points between Soissons and Venizel. German resistance is faltering on the left wing of the Allied advance, while it is growing stubborn on the right.

The Germans still maintain a foothold on the southern bank of the Vesle between Champigny and Jonchery.

Press despatches say that the number of prisoners captured by the Allies in the last two days will thrill the Allied world when the announcement is made.

The Vesle has been flooded for the last few days, preventing the Germans from fording the stream. They were forced to fight for their lives. Most of them were killed and the rest taken prisoners.

The Americans completely surround Fismes. The Germans are retaking a foothold in the extreme northern part of the town where Prussian troops in house-to-house fighting are desperately resisting the Americans.

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, August 4.—The official communiqué issued this afternoon states: The battlefield is unchanged and there is nothing to report.

London, August 3.—The American official communiqué issued this evening reports:

The enemy has been driven in confusion beyond the line of the Vesle.

Since July 18, in the course of operations, 8,400 prisoners and 135 guns have been captured by us. Advance On 201 Mile Front

Paris, August 3.—A semi-official communiqué states:

The French completely hold Soissons. The cathedral is riddled with shells.

Our progress yesterday was on a front of fifty kilometers between Soissons and Rheims to an average depth of three or four kilometers, while in some places we advanced six.

Our advance is far from ended. Some of our pursuing elements have already reached the Vesle.

The enraged enemy in his retreat is burning the crops and villages. Braine and Fismes are in flames.

The constant influx of American troops is a sure guarantee of the success of the operations which will shortly be developed.

The official communiqué issued this evening reports:

During the day our troops driving back the enemy rear-guard continued their victorious march on a front of about fifty kilometers in the direction of the Vesle.

On our left we reached the southern banks of the Aisne and the Vesle from Soissons to Fismes, the outskirts of which the Americans hold.

East of Fismes we have reached a general line north of Courville, Brancourt, Courcelles and Chamigny.

Our cavalry reconnaissances are operating along the Soissons-Rheims railway.

At certain points our progress yesterday has exceeded ten kilometers, and over fifty villages have been liberated in this single day.

Flames In Flames

London, August 3.—The Allies are rapidly approaching the Vesle and their cavalry has already reached that river between Champigny and



Jonas is in flames and also the village northward of the Vesle between Pommiers and Reims.

**Reims General.**—Reuter's correspondent at French headquarters, in a message sent at 11 o'clock yesterday evening, reports: "The retreat is general on all three faces of the salient. The Germans may hold on the line of the Vesle but it is quite possible they will be obliged to retire to the Aisne. Anyway, they have lost all they gained in their offensive in May, June and July."

The question now is whether they will risk the remainder of their reserves in a sudden blow on another part of the front. If they decide to tempt fortune once more they will find the Allied armies ready.

For the present we are receiving every minute the names of villages and woods we have recaptured. Plessier Wood, which abuts on the Soissons-Chateau-Thierry Road, having been turned, the defenders were surrounded. It was a center of the Boche resistance and the fight therefore was extraordinarily bitter.

Further north the British have crossed the Soissons-Chateau-Thierry Road and are pressing through Concrey Wood, a mile east of Ville Montoire.

As in March last year, the French army is advancing in pursuit of the enemy with cavalry patrols far in advance and horse artillery and engineers accompanying the infantry.

It has rained heavily all day and the condition of the roads retards our advance. A German official communique, referring to the Crown Prince's army, says that General von Boehm's successes on the 1st contributed to the complete success of yesterday's movements. "The enemy followed hesitatingly our forefield troops, who are slowly withdrawing."

**Soissons Is Entered.**—The official French communique issued last evening reported: "The attack carried out during the last two days by French and allied troops north of the Marne has obtained complete success. Hard-pressed on the whole line, the Germans have been forced to abandon the position of resistance which they had organized between Pore-en-Tardenois and Ville-en-Tardenois and to expedite their retreat."

On our left the French troops entered Soissons while further south they crossed the Crise on its whole length. In the center we progressed on a wide front north of the Ourcq. We advanced beyond Arcy St. Restitut, penetrated Bois de Dole further east and obtained possession of Coulouges.

On our right we gained possession of Goussancourt, Villers-Agron and Ville-en-Tardenois. On this part of the front we carried our lines five kilometers north of the Dormans-Rheims road on the general line Vesilly-Lheroy. Between the Ardre and the Vesle we occupied Geux and Thillois.

During the 31st seven German aeroplanes were brought down and twenty-two tons of explosives were dropped on aviation grounds between the Aisne and Vesle and cantonments and bivouacs in the valleys of the Ardre and Vesle. An official communique issued this afternoon reports: "During the night our troops continued to advance towards the Vesle and reached the Aisne between Soissons and Venizel."

**Grand-Rozoy Heights Taken In Two Hours.**—A semi-official communique states that the capture of the heights north of Grand-Rozoy was effected in the teeth of a desperate resistance. Woods, thickets and villages, so many fortresses swarming with machine-guns, had to be captured separately, but the assault, which was assisted by tanks, opened at four o'clock in the morning and was pressed with such vigor that the chief positions were captured within two hours.

Violent counter-attacks were met with superb results and by the evening the ridges farther north had been occupied and numerous German troops were seen by observers fleeing northwards.

**Enemy Attacked In Rear.**—London, August 2.—The latest news shows that the French at 1.30 this afternoon had advanced two to three miles on a front of twenty-five miles between the River Ardre and the hamlet of Taux, north of Harthenes. The advance was slow last night but very rapid this morning. The Germans are burning the villages east of the Ourcq and Cohan and Pottilly are in flames.

The German army now facing west is being fired on in the back and the enemy reserves are under our fire. The immediate retreat of the Germans behind the Vesle and possibly the 1st is regarded as certain, involving the collapse of the Crown Prince's offensive, after which the Germans will be unable to attack on an extensive scale until the autumn, when the 1920 class will be available.

The latest line now runs from one mile north of the Ardre, by Villers-Tardenois and Romilly, thence to Vesilly, south of Coulouges, Arcy, Grand Rozoy to Taux.

Our reserve troops are now greater than the enemy's, whose best troops have been greatly and badly mauled. The German 1920 class will provide about 450,000 fresh recruits. Writing at 2 o'clock the afternoon of the 2nd, Reuter's correspondent at French headquarters reported: "The advance of General Mangin's front continues. We have occupied Harthenes Wood and south of that point have brought our line to Frammille and Saponay."

In the center we have reached two miles beyond Serzy. The enemy's resistance is feeble in the center than on the flanks. On the eastern flank we have

taken the wood a mile east of Romilly and our patrols have advanced a thousand yards north of Ville-en-Tardenois.

The enemy, pressed on all sides and his communications swept by our guns, is retreating reluctantly but continually and our unremitting pressure is bringing the results expected.

The Crown Prince's reserves are being exhausted more rapidly than ours.

**Americans Take Coulouges And Advance Five Miles.**—London, August 2.—The American official communique issued this evening reported: "Yesterday on the line of the Ourcq, in hard fighting, we captured Hill 230 southward of Coulouges, and the woods eastward of the Hill."

This morning the enemy commenced to fall back. We are in close pursuit. Our advance has already progressed over a depth of five miles and continues. Our aviators successfully bombed the railroad station and yards at Conflans, causing several fires and large explosions. All our machines returned.

London, August 2.—Reuter's correspondent at French headquarters, wiring at six o'clock this evening reported: "Today's advance represents a very important gain of ground. Our advanced troops, following up the enemy, reached the valley of the Crise, which enters the Aisne at Soissons. The enemy, under our fierce repeated attacks, has abandoned the whole Chaudun plateau and is already moving back his guns."

The British and French troops are following him up, and the English and Scottish are in the thick of the fighting. Our cavalry are in Nesle Forest, northeast of Pore-en-Tardenois. Our troops east of the salient are in touch with Vesilly. The Germans, much against their will, have accepted defeat and are retreating, probably to the Vesle.

Thus has ended the third and greatest German push, which was to bring the enemy within range of Paris. The failure of the Crown Prince's army is complete.

**FRENCH PRAISES FOCH.**—London, August 2.—Field Marshal Viscount French, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, speaking at Belfast today said that General Foch's exhibition of leadership and military genius would cause his name to rank in history among those of the world's greatest commanders. His splendid achievements were also largely due to that unity of command secured by Mr. Lloyd George.

**(American Wireless To Reuters)**—Washington, August 3.—General Pershing, in his communique dated August 1, reports: "On the line of the Ourcq a vigorous local action was started from attacks made by our troops, and counter-attacks launched by our troops occurred at several points."

The communique dated August 2, reports: "Our troops captured Hill 230 south of Coulouges and the Wood east of the Hill. The enemy's efforts are slowing up and he is falling back with our troops in close pursuit. Fire from our artillery interrupted his communications and his attempts to destroy large quantities of material."

Last night our aviators bombed the railroad yards at Conflans. There were many hits, which started fires, and one large explosion. All machines returned safely. The Germans have retired to the east bank of the Aisne in the region of Albert. The railroad station is in flames.

**PERSHING HAS MILLION UNDER HIS COMMAND.**—Chief of Staff Tells Legislators Of Complete Victory On West Front.

**(American Wireless To Reuters)**—Washington, August 3.—General March, the Chief of Staff, has advised the Senate Military Committee that there is no present danger to our power to keep the army filled. He said that General Pershing, as the result of recent transfers of American divisions which had been brigaded with the British, now had a million men under his direct command. General March stated that the total embarkation of American troops in July had broken all records. More than 300,000 men had been shipped. The grand total at the end of July, of troops sent overseas, passed 1,300,000.

Discussing the fighting, General March said that official despatches covering the battles to August 2 showed that the present front is running practically parallel to the valleys of the Vesle and the Ardre, the next defensive line of the enemy. At that time the advancing forces were within six miles of this line. Later despatches, however, indicated that the Vesle-Ardre line may have been turned.

General March said the objective of the American and Allied army was still the destruction of the enemy army. The retreat of the enemy up to August 2 measured sixteen miles, the total length of the Aisne-Marne salient being reduced from seventy-four to forty-eight miles. The French and British attacks on both flanks of the salient resulted in the collapse of the German resistance on August 1, and the French walked into Soissons.

The complete success of the Allied armies was indicated in a confidential message reaching the Chief of Staff from an officer who, at the time of writing, has just returned from Pore-en-Tardenois. This officer reported that it was "seemingly impossible" for any army to gather the number of guns and shells that

were abandoned by the Germans in their retirement. The message added that the Germans were driven back without time to bury their dead and German bodies lay so thick it was impossible to advance without walking over them.

The advance in the center averaged three miles on a front of thirty miles, General March said, while on the east flank, west of Rheims, an advance of four miles on a four mile front had already been made.

The War Department has announced that the American forces in France have reached such a high state of proficiency in the new methods of warfare that no further instructions from the Allied armies will be asked for, except possibly in some technical cases.

## Fifth Year Of War Opens With Allies' Hopes At Brightest

**(Reuter's Agency War Service)**

London, August 3.—The newspapers greet the opening of the fifth year of the war in tones of hope and confidence, reflecting the unshaken determination of the British people as made evident in authoritative and popular pronouncements in connection with tomorrow's Remembrance Day celebrations. Their leading articles recall the evidences of German oppression which have enabled the Allied peoples to realise, as not even the violation of Belgium did, how the Germans have trampled on every spark of liberty among the nations they have subjected and declare that any talk of peace will now fall on deaf ears, especially as the rude shaking the military pretensions of the enemy have just received on the west front is but a forerunner of what is to come.

Messages from Sir Robert Borden, W. F. Massey, and General Smuts are published on the occasion of Remembrance Day urging the necessity for prosecuting the war unflinchingly till victory has been achieved.

## AUSTRALIA HOUSE OPENED

**(Reuter's Agency War Service)**

London, August 3.—The King, accompanied by the Queen and Princess Mary, today opened Australia House, the magnificent new headquarters of the Australian Commonwealth which have been erected on the finest site in the Strand at a cost of £1,000,000.

Mr. W. M. Hughes, Premier of Australia; Mr. Andrew Fisher, High Commissioner for Australia; Mr. Joseph Cook and other prominent representatives of the Dominions welcomed Their Majesties.

The King's inaugural speech was very cordial and included a glowing tribute to the services rendered to the Empire by the naval and military forces of Australia.

English and Australian troops escorted Their Majesties to and from Buckingham Palace while a fine body of hefty Anzacs furnished a guard of honor at the opening ceremony. The King conferred the honor of knighthood on Mr. Joseph Cook, the Australian Minister for the Navy.

## GERMANS WITHDRAWING TO EAST BANK OF ANCRE

**Begin Retriving On Four-Mile Front Near Albert Before British**

**(Reuter's Agency War Service)**

London, August 3.—The Germans are retreating on a front of three to four miles to the east bank of the Ancre, in the neighborhood of Albert and Aveluy Wood. The retirement at present appears to be local.

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports this evening: "The progress of our patrols in the Albert sector continued and we hold the greater part of the ground previously in the enemy's possession westward of the Ancre. We closely followed up the enemy in his withdrawal, indications of which had been previously observed. A number of his dead were found in the abandoned trenches."

We repulsed strong raiding parties southeastward of Hebuterne and eastward of Robecq. Aviation.—The weather interfered with work in the air. We dropped thirty tons of bombs during the day-time, three tons of which fell on Bruges Docks. We brought down two hostile machines. All ours returned. Flying during the night was impossible.

London, August 4.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports this morning: "Our patrols have reached the Ancre between Bernancourt and Hamel and are in contact with the enemy on this line."

The hostile artillery was active during the night northward of Bethune and southward of Ypres. London, August 2.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reported this evening: "Our patrols brought in a few prisoners in the Loos sector. We carried out a successful raid eastward of Dickebusche Lake in which we took some prisoners. The hostile artillery has been active northward of Bethune."

Aviation.—We dropped over twenty-four tons of bombs yesterday. A large number of these were directed at an aerodrome from a very low height during a raid by two of our squadrons. We greatly damaged the hangars and living quarters. Six hangars and sixteen machines were set on fire and one machine blown to pieces on the ground. We brought down twelve aeroplanes and drove down three out of control. Our night-flying machines also shot down two enemy bombers over their own aerodrome. Two British machines are missing. During the night we dropped ten tons of bombs on railway-lines, stations and aerodromes, again heavily bombing the above-mentioned aerodrome. All our machines returned.

London, August 3.—Field Marshal

Sir Douglas Haig reports this morning: "We repulsed a raid in the neighborhood of Fouchy. Our patrols occupied a portion of the enemy's front line in the Albert sector. The hostile artillery has been active between Bethune and Bailleul."

**News Brevities**

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Nichols have left for Kobe on a vacation trip. Mr. W. G. Crokam left for Japan where he will spend a short vacation. For stealing an electric light bulb from Tram No. 126, a Chinese was

sentenced to three months' imprisonment yesterday in the Mixed Court.

A small fire at Kaifung and Alabaster Roads called out the department yesterday afternoon. The damage was slight.

Mrs. Laura C. Cartwright, a resident of Manila since 1901 and the oldest American in the Philippine Islands, died recently at the age of 94.

One year each in jail was the sentence handed down yesterday in the Mixed Court to two shoemakers who stole 18 pairs of unfinished shoes from another shoemaker.

Three mafios were fined from \$1 to \$10 yesterday in the Mixed Court for

reckless driving. One of them drove on the offside of the tramway track, collided and upset a ricksha, occupied by a foreigner, throwing him out.

The extension of the New World amusement park, erected on the site of the former Grand Hotel, will open for business tomorrow. The work on the tunnel under Bubbling Well Road has been completed and the pleasure-seekers can visit the two buildings without being exposed to the danger of the traffic.

The Jewish Communal Association of Shanghai held a service of supplication and prayer at the "Sharith Israel" Synagogue after morning prayers Sunday in connection with the Fourth Anniversary of the war.



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President Wilson

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The Clifford-Wilkinson Tansan Mineral Water Co., Ltd. KOBE, JAPAN

AGENTS

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## YENCHENG SOLICITOUS FOR FOREIGNERS NOW

Escorts Galore Provided In District Where Kyle And Purcell Were Captured

China Press Correspondence  
Yencheng, Honan, July 30.—I returned yesterday from a trip to Wuyang, the basin in which Messrs. Kyle and Purcell were captured in March. Being the first foreigner, so far as I am aware, to appear on the scene since that episode, my arrival was the source of no little interest. People came out of the shops to have a look, and the folk in the streets seemed very much amused to see a foreigner again.

As my car entered the city gate, as usual I gave my card to the soldier on duty. Before I had been in the house half an hour the civil official had sent round to enquire after my safety and welfare. A short while later, the military official sent a messenger along to see whether all my needs were supplied. During breakfast, the following morning, both officials sent round again, and also at noon, and in the evening. It would appear they had decided to allow no untoward incident to happen to me whilst in their district.

On hearing that I was returning to Yencheng on Monday morning, the magistrate insisted that I should have a couple of soldiers escort me home. Accordingly I found two men in uniform and carrying firearms waiting at the gate when my car arrived in the morning. This was my first experience of an armed escort and I wondered whether we should meet with any excitement on the road, for I knew the whole country side is still infected with robber bands.

What was my surprise on reaching the city gate of Wuyang to find eight cavalry, and ten more foot soldiers, with their officer waiting for me. The official evidently wanted to do his duty this time; but it was a contrast to my journey from Yencheng to Wuyang two days before when I was quite alone and probably just as safe. However, I did not care to turn the magistrate from fulfilling what he considered to be his bounden duty.

The officer in charge of the escort honored me with his presence on my car. During conversation I asked him to show me his revolver; he proudly took it from its sheath, and allowed me to examine it. I then enquired about his ammunition. He replied: "I have no ammunition, we don't carry that with us."

Let us hope some of his men had a few bullets for their rifles. Later on a soldier got tired of carrying his gun and put it on the car. I said to him: "What will you do if the bandits come after us?" "Oh, you can use it; but anyhow it's an old weapon and not much use" was his reply.

During the noon halt, the officer asked me if the footmen might go on, as they found it difficult to keep up with my car. I said "What shall I do when the robbers come?" "Well," he replied "you will have the eight horsemen; they will be sufficient to protect you," and so the footmen went ahead; but as it happened I did not require their services and we had a peaceful trip home as we had on Saturday going out to Wuyang.

I heard it said in Wuyang that ex-bandit chief Chao Chung is now a "disciple" at the Roman Catholic Mission. May it be so! Ex-bandit Heo Liu is now at Kaifeng serving General Chiang and Chang, and my old friend Ch'eng Kuo-tung whom I have not seen for some months (the man who assisted Mr. Purcell to escape) turned up here today to ask if I would assist him to get his wife and daughters back from the robbers who have held them for ransom for about 3 months. I told him I have no influence with the Tzu-chih or with anyone else in authority. He is in a sorry plight, but merely reaping a just reward for his own doings.

## U.S. WAR STAMP SALE \$210,000,000 IN JULY

Total Returns From Miniature Bonds Since Last December Half Billion Gold

(American Wireless To Reuters)  
Washington, August 3.—The Treasury Department has announced that sales of War Savings and Thrift Stamps in July amounted to \$210,417,000. The total sales since last December amount to \$518,510,000. Sales in July represent two dollars for every man, woman and child in the country.

## Turkey Deporting Christian Greeks

(American Wireless To Reuters)  
New York, August 3.—A report from the Greek Foreign Office, of the Relief Committee for Greeks in Asia Minor says that more than 250,000 Christian Greeks have been deported by Turkey from their homes in the flourishing regions of Turkey bordering the coast, notably from Samsun, Aivalik, Trebizond and Smyrna.

## Cuba May Send Troops To Fight In France

(American Wireless To Reuters)  
Havana, Cuba, August 3.—The House of Representatives has approved the Senate amendment to the Obligatory Military Service Bill empowering the President to send troops to France.

## BETWEEN LOANS

(Reuters Agency War Service)  
Paris, August 2.—The President of the Chinese Republic has sent the President of the French Republic a telegram of congratulations for "the victories of the valiant Allied troops have just gained in France."

Marshal Tuan Chi-jui has sent a telegram to M. Clemenceau, the French Premier, saying "The new victory of the Marne fills the Chinese nation with joy, the more so since she is full of confidence in the success of the cause we defend together."

M. Clemenceau has answered thanking Marshal Tuan Chi-jui for his congratulations and adding "Success favors our cause. I strongly hope victory will crown our joint efforts."

General K. Oshima, the Japanese Minister of War, has sent M. Clemenceau a telegram saying "Accept my best wishes for your actual operations to develop in such a way as to give the enemy the final knockout blow."

M. Clemenceau answered "Thank you for good wishes. Accept the expression of our full confidence in final victory."

## ALLIED AIR SQUADRONS HARASS AUSTRIAN PORTS

British Naval Formations Co-operate With Italians In Raids

(Reuters Agency War Service)  
London, August 2.—The Admiralty issues the following communiqué:

Our formations in the Adriatic co-operated with the Italian air forces in the recent raids on Cattaro and Durazzo and the land operations near Valona. In connection with the latter a British machine landed within the enemy lines but the pilot and observer were rescued the following day when the Allies captured the Austrian aerodrome. We raided the bridges and stations of the Oriental Railway, damaging the line, rolling stock and buildings.

During a reconnaissance of the coast northward of Imbros we observed thirteen caiques, destroyed one and damaged two. We also bombed a new aerodrome at Usun Keufri, destroying one hangar. We carried out two raids on Nagara and Galina between July 26 and 28 and dropped over half a ton of bombs, which started fires. One British machine did not return. We successfully bombed the basin and dockyard of Constantinople at midnight on the 27th.

Over fifteen tons of bombs have been dropped on Zeebrugge, Bruges docks and Ostend. We also bombed the enemy shipping in its home waters, directly hitting a destroyer with a 230 pound bomb, causing columns of smoke to arise.

Between July 25 and 31 we destroyed fifteen aeroplanes and shot down twelve out of control. Five British machines did not return, of which one landed in Holland. One British seaplane was shot down in flames and two of the crew drowned.

Rome, August 3.—An official communiqué issued by the Ministry of the Navy reports:

Our aviators for three successive days have seriously damaged the wharves and shipping at Durazzo and also several seaplanes.

## Union Jack Club Opened For British Navy Men Here

Finely Furnished Home For Sailors In Port Provided By Shanghai Race Club

The Union Jack Club, new Shanghai home for the men of the British navy, was officially opened yesterday afternoon in the presence of officers and men of the British gunboats in port. Stewards of the Race Club and representatives of the Navy League, Consular Body and British Women's Work Association.

The new Union Jack clubrooms are located at F123-125 Bubbling Well Road where three floors have been finely fitted up by the Race Club which organized the Union Jack Club and has assumed its maintenance for the first two years. Mr. W. S. Jackson, chairman of the Race Club, made the opening speech and there were present, among others, Captain Marryat of the Kinsha, in command of the gunboat fleet; petty officers and men of the boats; Sir Everard Fraser, chairman of the Navy League; Lady Sausmarez, chairman of the B.W.W.A. and Stewards of the Race Club.

"It gives me very great pleasure to welcome you here today to take part in the opening ceremony of the first Union Jack Club in Shanghai," said Mr. Jackson. "I welcome you on behalf of the Stewards and all the members of the Shanghai Race Club, and I think I may go even further than that and say I welcome you on behalf of all the Allied and neutral residents of Shanghai."

"To the Petty Officers and men of His Majesty's Navy, who are to be the members of this Club, I would say we not only welcome you, but we are proud of you, we are grateful to you. We welcome you because we are always glad to have you with us. We are proud of you for all the brave deeds you have done for your country and the Allies and the hardships you have so cheerfully borne in this terrible war. I understand practically all of you have seen active service in the war, and when on the few occasions the enemy's ships have given you an opportunity of showing the kind of stuff you are made of, you have done all, yes, and more than we expected of you."

"We are grateful to you because we feel it is largely due to you we Britishers in the Far East are able to live here today in comparative luxury and comfort."

"This Union Jack Club has been organized and will be maintained entirely by the members, and out of the War Funds, of the Shanghai Race Club, and, while it is not quite up to the standard of the club house we would like to have provided for you, we hope it will nevertheless achieve its object for the present, that object being, to give you and your comrades a comfortable home of your own to come to when you are in Shanghai, where you can feel the place belongs to you, have your own committee of management, and

feel you can do as you like in it. "Here, in this Club, you will be able to procure good wholesome food and drinks, comfortable beds, all better, and at less cost than you can procure anywhere else in Shanghai. A billiard table, piano, cricket outfit and other little luxuries have been provided by various members of the Shanghai Race Club who, although they prefer not to have their names mentioned, will, I am sure, receive your hearty thanks."

"The Race Club have only undertaken to maintain the Union Jack Club for a period of two years, but I think I can safely say the members of the Race Club will go on maintaining the Club as long as you, and the committee of the Navy League, wish them to do so."

"I would ask you all to express your hearty thanks to Mr. A. W. Olsen, Secretary of the Shanghai Race Club, not only for the trouble he has taken and the time and energy he has devoted to getting your Club in order and ready for you to use from tomorrow, but also for the work he has promised to do in the future in connection with the Club."

Mrs. Marryat was then asked to break out the flag over the Club and the assembly adjourned to the sidewalk outside while she sent the big new Union Jack flying with the breeze. Captain Marryat responded to Mr. Jackson's speech with a testimonial of the navy men's appreciation of their new home, which he said he believed to be the second such club in the Far East. Sir Everard Fraser also spoke briefly, expressing the thanks of the Navy League to the Race Club. "God Save the King" was then sung, after which tea and refreshments were served. Mrs. Marryat was presented with a handsome basket of flowers by the Stewards.

The Club is admirably situated and fitted up. On the ground floor are the bar and billiard rooms, with a well equipped kitchen. On the first floor are two spacious music and game rooms, with tables and games and there are also two bath rooms and two small rooms for petty officers. The second floor has completely furnished writing and reading rooms, stocked with stationery and magazines and rooms adequate to furnish beds for a dozen men at least. There are also shower baths and storerooms.

**U.S. COAL SUPPLY BIGGER**  
(American Wireless To Reuters)  
Washington, August 3.—The Railroad Administration announces that in the week ending July 26 there were 121,965 more cars of coal loaded at the mines than in the same period last year.

## INDUSTRIAL RESOURCES OF PUNJAB POINTED OUT

Development Of Water Power Opens Great Possibilities Unless Obstructed

(Reuters Agency War Service)  
London, August 2.—Sir Louis Dane, formerly Lieutenant Governor of the Punjab, in a letter to The Times supporting Lord Montagu of Beaulieu regarding the importance of industrial developments in India, emphasizes what is being done in the Punjab towards the utilization of the power of the great rivers. He says that the difficulty has been to find a market for that power,

owing to the absence of great industries, but much can be achieved if capitalists are treated sympathetically and pioneers are allowed traffic such as they can get elsewhere and are not throttled down by the financial authorities. Something also might be done to reduce the wearisome delays caused by the various authorities and governments who must be convinced before any concessions can be obtained. The Provincial governments may be able to do something if they have a freer hand and more funds.

Sir Louis Dane suggested that India should be allowed to benefit fully from the trade balance in her favor and the rise in the value of silver. He pointed out that India's gain of £2,000,000 a year in Home Charges owing to the rise of the rupee is a source from which ample funds could be raised after the war

for the development of great industries in India. If such a development is the result of Mr. E. R. Montagu's policy, he will have done great things for India.

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## HOW AMERICAN TROOPS WHIPPED KAISER'S BEST

War Lord Sent Two Picked Divisions To Rout United States Forces

THEIR DEFEAT AMAZED HIM

Captives Say Crack Troops Were Ordered To Beat The New Enemy At All Cost

By Edwin L. James  
(New York Times)

With the American Army on the Marne, Friday, June 14,—I learned positively today that the American successes of the past week northwest of Chateau-Thierry were achieved despite orders by the German High Command to two of the Kaiser's best divisions. These forces were sent against the Americans specially to prevent at all cost their winning the fight.

It is also stated in an official report of the French Army with which the Americans are fighting that in the last ten days fighting the Americans have proved a source of great anxiety to the German High Command, and this means to his Imperial Majesty William II. The fact that the Kaiser took two crack divisions which had been ordered elsewhere and suddenly sent them against our troops, when the Germans learned of our presence, disposes once for all of the repeated canard in France that the Germans did not really wish to punish the Americans, preferring not to arouse American spirit. The Kaiser sent his best troops against the Americans, and the Kaiser's best troops were beaten. Many of them are dead, and we have a thousand of them prisoners.

Americans Marvelled At It

There was considerable wonderment among French and American officers last week when it was discovered that the crack 5th Guard and 28th German Divisions were in front of us. It was generally believed then that the Germans planned no immediate attempt to advance northwest of Chateau-Thierry, and there was much speculation as to why Hindenburg had sent these troops there. This is now explained by a captured German officer's statement, and is substantiated by documents found on him. He said these two divisions already were on their way to the rear for a four weeks' rest, to take part in another offensive, when suddenly they were ordered to go once to the front northwest of Chateau-Thierry. "In order to prevent at all costs the Americans being able to achieve success."

This showed the anxiety of the German High Command regarding the effect that an American success would have on the German Army and the populace, and of the great desirability of preventing such a happening.

When I visited the headquarters of this French Army today a sheet of paper was handed to me on which was written a report of information gained from the examination of a large number of prisoners from the 28th German Division.

Underestimated Our Efforts

The report said: "American assistance, which was underestimated in Germany because they doubted its value and its opportunity, worries the German High Command more than it will admit. The officers themselves recognize that among other causes it is the principal reason for which Germany hastens to try to end the war and impose peace. They believe that if we succeed in holding on for the best of this year the German cause will be lost. But they say that until the end of the year they will allow us no respite in their effort to break our morale and our will to conquer. They hope that fear of devastations and the terror caused in Paris, as well as continuing attacks of the German Army, determined to end the war, will get the best of our resistance before American aid will become truly effective."

"All agree that the war is reaching the supreme crisis at this moment. They all declare that the offensives will be renewed and prolonged in view of this decision until the German forces are exhausted."

Now Or Never With Germans

It is now or never with the Kaiser; he knows it. That is why every soldier, every gun, every airplane that America can put in France in the next four months will be needed as it will never be needed again. Every resource, every ounce of strength that the German High Command can send against the allied lines in the next four months will be hurled forward.

The allied armies must from now on face offensive after offensive, until the German Army is exhausted. It is definitely known that the leaders of Germany have reached this decision. Their armies have been placed in one giant system of attack and rest, attack and rest so long as it can last. The Kaiser has staked all on beating the Allies before Winter, for he knows he cannot do it next year, when two million more Americans will face him, two millions of the hardest fighting men his soldiers ever met.

Captured German officers say, and they are supported by captured documents, that the immediate German plan is to make one straight line from Montdidier to Compiègne to Chateau-Thierry. A glance at the war map shows that to do this they must take from the Allies a salient about fifty kilometers across the base and twenty deep at its deepest point. When this is done their plan is to hammer and hammer until Paris is reached. It is an out-and-out fight for the next four months, probably the hardest fighting the world ever saw.

It is the Allies' task to hold the Germans during those four months. The Americans will play an impor-

tant role in that task, fighting with the aim of holding the boche until they can get after him overwhelmingly next year.

Growing Fear Of America

Germany fears America, and that fear is growing. At first the High Command told their officers and the officers told the soldiers that the Americans could not get to France because the U-boats would stop them. Then the German fighters began to find Americans appearing against them here and there, and finally at many points. Then the officers told the German soldiers the Americans would not fight. Now the German soldiers know the Americans can and will fight; and more and more of them are learning it every day. There is no lack of evidence that the German populace fears America's power in the air, and no question that the German High Command is seriously perturbed at the results when the real news of the Americans' fighting gets back to the people.

In no spirit of boastfulness it may be said that American fighters, with a proper amount of training, are the best fighters in France today. The soldiers of other armies of necessity are tired after nearly four years of fighting, but the Americans are fresh, fresh in spirit and physique. Other soldiers hope that Germany will be beaten; the American soldiers know that Germany will be beaten. And Germany knows that Germany will be beaten unless she wins in the next four months. That is her only chance, and she will play it for what it is worth. Everything is to be thrown into that effort. There will be ruthlessness, there will be frightfulness.

## SWISS TO PRESIDE AT U.S.-GERMAN CONFERENCE

Arrangements Being Made For Meeting To Arrange Prisoner Exchange

(American Wireless To Reuters)  
Washington, August 3.—The Swiss Government has advised the Department of State that it has accepted the Presidency of the conference of commissioners from the United States and Germany to be held in Switzerland soon for the exchange of prisoners.

## Paris Honors M. Note, Her Famous Barytone

Paris, June 10.—M. Note, famous barytone of the Paris Opera, celebrated recently the twenty-fifth anniversary of his Parisian debut. There was a gala performance and admirers gave a gold medal to him. M. Lafitte, Minister of Public Instruction, delivered a complimentary address.

Note still has one of the most powerful voices known to the operatic world despite the fact that he is 60 and has been singing for thirty-five years (ten years in the provinces before making his metropolitan debut). Paris loves him because unlike the vast majority of singers, he never worries about the weather, is out in all seasons, never gives excuses, but always is ready to sing, besides which he drinks and smokes all he wants.

He is a man of huge frame and the story is told that seeing a runaway train of fourteen wagons loaded with dynamite rattling down a steep road near Colombia, he leaped aboard the train and welded the brakes so that disaster was avoided. One version of the story is that he stopped the train by letting it smash against his ponderous chest, but that is apocryphal. There would have been an explosion had he done it that way, he avers.

Note is exceedingly proud of the fact that his son-in-law was graduated from the military school at Fontainebleau a few weeks ago at the head of a class of 700 candidates for commissions as officers.



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## American Mail Schedule For 1918

### DEPARTURES FROM SHANGHAI

Steamer	Date of Departure	Date of Arrival	At
Nanking	August 6	August 29	San Fran
Korea Maru	August 15	September 4	San Fran
Ecuador	August 16	September 9	San Fran
Suwa Maru	August 17	September 12	San Fran
Mexico Maru	August 19	September 10	Seattle
Siberia Maru	August 24	September 23	Seattle
Africa Maru	Sept. 1	September 25	San Fran
China	Sept. 2	September 27	Seattle
Arabia Maru	Sept. 3	September 30	San Fran
Tenyo Maru	Sept. 9	October 4	Seattle
Colombia	Sept. 14	October 3	San Fran
Via Vancouver	Sept. 14	October 10	Victoria
Fushimi Maru	Sept. 16	October 6	Seattle
Canada Maru	Sept. 20	October 13	Seattle
Kashima Maru	Sept. 29	October 21	Seattle
Via Vancouver	October 5	October 24	Victoria
Shinyo Maru	October 5	October 28	San Fran
Venezuela	October 12	November 7	San Fran
Manila Maru	October 13	November 9	Seattle
Kamo Maru	October 17	November 6	Seattle
Nanking	October 17	November 15	San Fran
Katori Maru	October 27	November 19	Seattle
Chicago Maru	October 29	November 24	Seattle
Korea Maru	October 31	November 23	San Fran
Ecuador	Nov. 9	December 5	San Fran
Via Vancouver	Nov. 9	November 28	Victoria
Siberia Maru	Nov. 14	December 7	San Fran
Suwa Maru	Nov. 18	December 10	Seattle
China	Nov. 21	December 14	San Fran
Africa Maru	Nov. 24	December 21	Seattle
Tenyo Maru	Nov. 25	December 18	San Fran
Atsuta Maru	Nov. 25	December 14	Seattle
Arabia Maru	Dec. 3	December 28	Seattle
Colombia	Dec. 4	January 2	San Fran
Via Vancouver	Dec. 11	December 30	Victoria
Canada Maru	Dec. 12	January 6	Seattle
Shinyo Maru	Dec. 21	January 13	San Fran
Fushimi Maru	Dec. 22	January 14	Seattle
Venezuela	Dec. 31	January 29	San Fran

\*Connect at Japan  
Sailing date liable to change without notice.

### ARRIVALS AT SHANGHAI

Steamer	Sailing Date	Arrival Japan	Arrival Shanghai	T. S.
Africa Maru	Seattle July 17	August 3	August 10	Direct
Siberia Maru	San Fran July 17	August 3	August 12	Direct
Fushimi Maru	Seattle July 25	August 11	August 16	T. S.
Arabia Maru	Seattle July 26	August 10	August 16	T. S.
China	San Fran July 27	August 15	August 21	Direct
Tenyo Maru	San Fran July 27	August 20	August 23	T. S.
Colombia	San Fran July 27	August 17	August 24	Direct
Canada Maru	Seattle Aug. 2	August 20	August 26	T. S.
Kashima Maru	Seattle Aug. 7	August 21	August 27	T. S.
Via Vancouver	Vancouver Aug. 10	—	August 29	Direct
Atsuta Maru	Seattle Aug. 15	August 31	September 6	T. S.
Shinyo Maru	San Fran Aug. 21	September 7	September 13	T. S.
Via Vancouver	Vancouver Aug. 29	—	September 17	Direct
Manila Maru	Seattle Aug. 29	September 14	September 19	T. S.
Venezuela	San Fran Aug. 24	September 14	September 21	Direct
Katori Maru	Seattle Sept. 5	September 19	September 25	T. S.
Nanking	San Fran Sept. 12	October 1	October 6	Direct
Chicago Maru	Seattle Sept. 12	September 30	October 6	T. S.
Kamo Maru	Seattle Sept. 14	October 1	October 7	T. S.
Korea Maru	San Fran Sept. 18	October 5	October 11	T. S.
Suwa Maru	Seattle Sept. 26	October 11	October 17	T. S.
Ecuador	San Fran Sept. 21	October 12	October 19	Direct
Mexico Maru	Seattle Sept. 30	October 17	October 23	T. S.
Via Vancouver	Vancouver Oct. 5	—	October 24	Direct
Siberia Maru	San Fran Oct. 3	October 20	October 26	T. S.
Africa Maru	Seattle Oct. 11	October 28	November 3	T. S.
Tenyo Maru	San Fran Oct. 12	October 29	November 3	T. S.
China	San Fran Oct. 10	October 29	November 4	Direct
Arabia Maru	Seattle Oct. 18	November 3	November 9	T. S.
Atsuta Maru	Seattle Oct. 19	November 4	November 10	T. S.
Colombia	San Fran Oct. 19	November 9	November 16	Direct
Fushimi Maru	Seattle Oct. 30	November 14	November 20	T. S.
Canada Maru	Seattle Oct. 24	November 12	November 18	T. S.
Via Vancouver	Vancouver Nov. 3	—	November 22	Direct
Kashima Maru	Seattle Nov. 6	November 21	November 26	T. S.
Shinyo Maru	San Fran Nov. 6	November 23	November 29	T. S.
Venezuela	San Fran Nov. 16	December 7	December 14	Direct
Manila Maru	Seattle Nov. 22	December 8	December 14	T. S.
Kamo Maru	Seattle Nov. 21	December 8	December 14	T. S.
Via Vancouver	Vancouver Nov. 30	—	December 19	Direct
Nanking	San Fran Nov. 26	December 15	December 20	Direct
Katori Maru	Seattle Dec. 4	December 21	December 26	T. S.
Korea Maru	San Fran Dec. 4	December 21	December 27	T. S.
Chicago Maru	Seattle Dec. 6	December 25	December 30	T. S.

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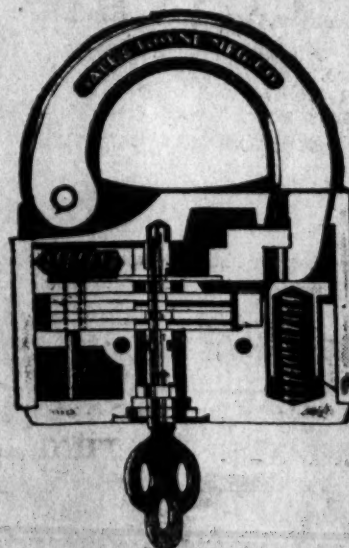
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## NAVY BEATS CAVALRY IN LISTLESS SET-TO

Band Plays 'Nobody Cares' As  
Horsemen Weakly Suc-  
cumb, 5-3

"Bojack" Franklin was wild; Skinny Hunter was effective; Parker was hurt, bringing Williamson to short and sending Robinson to right field; Robinson let a single go through him and the Philippine Cavalrymen ran bases with little luck and less judgment. These and bunching of sailor hits in the fourth inning sent the 9th Cavalry down to a 5-3 defeat at the hands of the Navy yesterday afternoon despite a last inning rally.

The game was listless, went but seven innings and was without a thrill. The band at the New World played "Nobody Cares" from 4:20 until 5:30 and the set-to was attended by the smallest crowd of the series.

"Graceful Slim" Steward furnished the fielding features of the afternoon but his feet got tangled up in an attempt to steal third. Morris made one good stop.

Skinny Hunter deserves plenty of credit for his performance against the Cavalry. The former U.S.S. Brooklyn twirler pitched the last three innings with a bad finger which bothered him when he was in the curve, yet Skinny tightened in the seventh when the Cavalry men threatened to tie the score and fanned Franklin.

But three errors were charged against the Philippine club but the errors of omission far outnumbered those in the box score. And the punch was lacking in the seventh. To ensure a perfect afternoon, Umpire Jimmy Logan, working behind the bat, mixed his dates a few times and dealt the following, "Strike—ball two" and "ball—batter is out."

### Cavalry Plays Dead Game

There was no life in either team and although the Cavalrymen attempted to amuse the crowd now and then, even the flagpole frowned. The final game of the series was far from being a howling success and the members of baseball committee, who in their divine wisdom decided on the ball game in preference to a cricket match which at least would have been enjoyed, have rendered themselves open to criticism again.

The baseball game was a poor financial move—even the committee agrees to that now—and the defeat of the Cavalry now makes it almost impossible to pull the cricket match. Fans estimated the receipts of a cricket match at \$2,400. All of 2,000 coppers were taken in at the gate yesterday. But the committee knows all and sees all.

Anyway, a ball game was played and here's the story. Bill Williamson was passed in the first inning, stole second and third and was caught off the hot corner when Cecil failed to hit with the squeeze ordered. Cecil was thrown out. "Run!" Parker kicked one. Jordan was hit by a pitched ball and Evans hit to Doc Halpin. Doc booted the roller, Parker scored and Jordan went to second. Copeland rolled to McGowan.

### It Started Like A Game

The Navy went down in order in the first and so did the Cavalry in the second, Johnson getting caught stealing after drawing a pass. In the Navy second, Cecil was passed with two under and moved along when Johnson missed up Held's roller. Both were stranded when McGowan grounded to Franklin.

Cecil singled in the third, went to second on Tangermann's error and was out stealing third. The Navy attacked in the same inning. Halpin was passed and stole. Peterson fanned. Tangermann crashed a savage single to center, scoring Halpin. Tangermann went to second on the throw in and stole third on the surprised Mr. Jordan. Morris walked and went down on the first ball. Jordan shot to Parker, the peg was low and Tangermann came home, giving the sailors a one run lead. Becker rolled to Johnson and was out at first.

In the fourth Steward, running for Copeland, made a desperate attempt to steal third. His spike caught as he started to slide and he was caught six feet off the sack.

### Sailors Score In Fourth

Singles by Collins and Held started the sailor fourth. McGowan bunted and first was left naked, filling the bags. Hunter rolled to Stewart and Collins was nipped at the sealer. Franklin passed Halpin, forcing Held across. Peterson busted a single to left. Robinson played the ball poorly and the pill rolled to the Cricket Club. McGowan, Hunter and Halpin scoring. Halpin was called out for not touching third. Tangermann ended the inning with a great bid for a hit but Steward made a great stop and tossed to Evans for the out. Navy, 5, 9th Cavalry, 1.

Johnson singled in the fifth but was doubled when Steward popped to Tangermann. Cecil was passed in the sixth and stole. He was stranded.

That brings us to the seventh when the Cavalry started the belated advance. Evans tried to knock Morris over but the third sacker got the ball and shot it to first in time to nip Slowtime. Copeland singled and stole, going to third on a wild pitch. Johnson rolled to Hunter and Tangermann dropped the throw. Copeland scoring. Steward singled and stole, Johnson going to third on the hit.

It looked very much like eight bells for Hunter but Skinny tightened and fanned Franklin. Williamson caused more trouble with a single that scored Johnson and put Steward on third. Still piffled. Halpin on second. Cecil's near-hit back of second and the fleet centerfielder died at first.

### The Box Score:

Cavalry Goes Tonight  
The 9th Cavalry baseball team, in charge of Major Yancey, will leave for

Hongkong tonight at midnight, en route to Manila.

The box score:

Navy	ABR	BH	PO	A	E
Halpin, ss.	1	1	0	0	5
Peterson, cp.	3	0	1	0	0
Tangermann, 1b.	3	1	1	16	2
Morris, 2b.	1	0	0	3	0
Becker, rf.	3	0	0	0	0
Collins, lf.	2	0	1	0	0
Held, c.	3	1	1	1	4
McGowan, 2b.	3	1	0	1	12
Hunter, p.	3	1	0	0	3

Totals 22 5 4 21 17 3

9th Cavalry ABR BH PO A E

Williamson, lf. ss.	3	0	1	0	0
Cecil, cf.	3	0	1	1	0
Parker, ss.	2	1	0	1	0
Jordan, c.	2	0	0	6	0
Evans, 1b.	3	0	0	7	0
Copeland, rf.	2	1	1	1	0
Johnson, 3b.	2	1	1	3	0
Steward, 2b.	3	0	1	0	5
Robinson, lf.	1	0	0	0	1
Franklin, p.	3	0	0	0	1

Totals 24 3 6 17 7 3

\*Halpin out, not touching third.

Navy 0 0 2 2 0 0 X 5 4 2  
9th Cavalry 1 0 0 0 0 2 3 5 3  
Earned runs—Navy, 5. First base on errors—Navy, 1; 9th Cavalry, 1. Left on bases—Navy, 6; 9th Cavalry, 3. Stolen bases, Williamson, 3; Copeland, 2; Cecil, Steward, Halpin, Tangermann, Morris. Struck out—by Hunter, 1; by Franklin, 5. First base on balls—off Hunter, 2; off Franklin, 6. Double plays, Tangermann, (unassisted). Hit by pitcher, Jordan. Copeland. Wild pitches, Hunter. Time of game—one hour 16 minutes. Umpires: Logan and Wilhoit.

Navy And Shanghai Next

Shanghai and the Navy will play at the Race Course Saturday and Sunday afternoons. The sailors will have a strong aggregation with Dr. Halpin and Dr. Arbuckle here. Ensign Thomas may be transferred to Shanghai in the near future and this would mean three officers in the Navy infield.

Meiji University won from Shanghai Sunday 3-2 Sunday afternoon, before a big crowd. Timely hitting and the squeeze play told the story. Shanghai made but three hits off Tomoka.

Sunday's box score:

Meiji	ABR	BH	PO	A	E
Kaji, cf.	4	2	2	1	0
Konishi, lf.	4	1	0	1	0
Andow, ss.	4	1	2	5	2
Kawara, c.	3	0	0	7	1
Uchida, 2b.	3	1	1	0	3
Tomoka, p.	4	0	0	0	4
Inoue, 1b.	3	1	0	13	0
Nishio, 2b.	4	0	1	0	3
Ikenaga, rf.	4	2	2	0	0

Totals 33 8 0 27 14 3

Shanghai ABR BH PO A E

Wilhoit, 2b.	3	0	0	11	0
Crow, rf. 3b.	4	0	2	2	0
Holliday, ss.	4	0	1	2	3
Tangermann, lf.	3	1	0	1	0
Eddy, p.	4	0	0	0	6
Tinkham, cf.	4	1	2	0	0
Bradley, c.	4	0	0	6	0
Morris, 3b.	1	0	0	0	1
Gardner, rf.	3	0	0	2	0
McGowan, 2b.	2	0	0	0	2
Smith, 2b.	2	0	0	0	0

Totals 34 2 5 24 20 7

Meiji 0 0 2 4 0 0 1 0 X 3

Shanghai 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 2

Home run—Andow. Three base hit—Tinkham. Sacrifice hit—Uchida.

Earned runs—Meiji, 1. Stolen bases—Inoue, Ikenaga. Struck out—by Tomoka, 7, by Eddy, 5. Bases on balls—off Tomoka, 1; off Eddy, 2. Passed ball—Kawara. Hit by pitcher—Tangermann. Umpires—Champani and Logan. Time of game—one hour and 55 minutes.

## PAYS HIGH TRIBUTE TO ITALIANS' VALOR

F. B. Sayre, President Wilson's  
Son-in-Law, Tells Of Deeds  
Of Great Bravery

### MARVEL AT ISONZO VICTORY

George W. Wickersham Says No  
Nation In History Has Re-  
covered So Quickly

New York, June 21.—Tributes to the valor of the Italian troops fighting on the snow-capped mountain peaks of the Alps as well as in the plains and on the sea were said last night by speakers at a meeting held under the auspices of the New York Committee of the Italian War Relief Fund of America at the Engineering Societies Building, 35 West Thirty-ninth Street. The speakers were Francis B. Sayre, son-in-law of President Wilson; ex-Attorney General George W. Wickersham, and Robert Underwood Johnson.

Mr. Sayre, who recently returned from Italy, where he went on a mission for the Young Men's Christian Association, described thrilling instances of the quality of fighting in Italy, which he illustrated with many lantern slides. Some of the pictures were taken by Mr. Sayre, and others were official pictures sent to him by the Italian Government. Many of the pictures, Mr. Sayre said, were taken by the Italian official photographers under heavy shell fire and some of them cost the camera men their lives.

One of the first incidents that impressed itself on Mr. Sayre's mind, he said, was the reply given by an Italian officer who was asked why the world did not know more of the work of the Italian troops and the hardships they found it necessary to overcome in taking the offensive against the Austrians.

"We are here to fight, not to talk," was the answer given by the officer. The answer was received by the audience with loud handclapping.

"Perhaps at the time of the Italian reverses last November the people here were at a loss to understand the kind of warfare in which the Italians were engaged," Mr. Sayre said. "I am not here to talk of the causes for the reverse, but I will assure you that it was not due to the lack of bravery and lack of gallantry of the Italian soldiers. I was in a good position to see the storming of Mount San Gabriel and I want to say that while I saw a good deal of the fighting on the Flanders front I never saw anything that beat the taking by storm of Mount San Gabriel by the Italians."

"All of you here should remember that many Italian troops are fighting in a constant temperature of from 20 to 40 degrees below zero, and when you are given an opportunity to do something to aid these brave fellows, who are fighting in the cause of humanity and civilization, do not allow that chance to pass."

Mr. Sayre described in graphic detail an amazing piece of engineering accomplished by the Italians in crossing the Isonzo in a number of places under cover of night and delivering a surprise attack on the Austrian lines. The Isonzo was too deep to ford, and the only hope in a crossing was in throwing pontoon bridges across and then rushing infantry to the enemy side. Plans were carefully laid and pontoon boats were constructed several miles back of the Italian lines. On the night the attack was decided on, the boats were drawn forward to the river. The Italian began a heavy bombardment to prevent the Austrians from hearing the work of the Italian engineers. Searchlights played in the faces of the Austrian troops to blind the enemy and prevent him from seeing the Italian troops stealthily engaged in work on the pontoon bridges.

Small parties of soldiers swam across the river and fastened cables to the opposite bank. The pontoons

were quickly thrown across. Solid blanking was laid on the substructure, and then as the first streaks of dawn touched the horizon the infantry swarmed across, taking the enemy completely by surprise and penetrating to a considerable depth.

"When the history of the war is written the Italian infantry will have to share honors with the Italian engineers," Mr. Sayre concluded.

Mr. Wickersham said that in spite of insidious propaganda the clouds of misapprehension in this country with respect to the part Italy is playing in the war are being brushed aside.

"Now, in the face of this new offensive, we perceive the unselfish role that Italy has been playing for the last year and a half," he said. "That part being played by Italy is all the more noble when it is remembered that Italy committed herself to the Allies at a time when she had no thought of aligning herself with the winning side. I know of

no instance in history where an army meeting such reverses as did the Italian Army so quickly turned and fought back its pursuers. If these things accomplished by the Italians had been done by the ancient Greeks the world would have heard of it long ago.

"Up to the present the Italian Army has been the only one that has been able to prevent an assault by the Teutons and keep them from getting a single mile of ground. Up to now the Italian Army has been the only army that has not been taken by surprise by an attack of their Teuton foes."

Mr. Johnson made an appeal for \$1,620, which he said was needed at once in order to buy twenty microscopes on which an option has been obtained. He referred to the Italians as the "Yankees of Europe" and said that he would be happy if we could be called the "Italians of the western world." He read his poem, "The Crowned Republic."



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## The China Press

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR  
EXCEPT ON SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYSTHE CHINA PRESS Incorporated  
Delaware, Publishers

## WEATHER

Cloudy and warmer together in our  
regions. Threats of thunderstorms  
in the Southern and Central  
Districts. Rough sea on the  
Pacific.

## DIED

Died at the Shanghai General  
Hospital, August 4th, 1918, Etukia,  
the well beloved infant daughter of  
Mr. and Mrs. D. Chelms, aged 15  
months. The funeral took place  
yesterday at 4 p.m. at Bubbling Well  
Cemetery.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, AUGUST 5, 1918

## The Allied Arms

ON the morrow of the fourth anniversary of the war's outbreak, the news from the Western Front is of such a character as to warrant a feeling of general gratification in the Allied camps. The position of the Allies is such as to leave no room for apprehension. Nothing is being left to chance. Edison once gave a real definition of the term "genius" in the following words: "Genius is 2 percent inspiration and ninety-eight percent perspiration." Similarly, although the Allies are confident that patriotic inspiration, fervor and loyalty in the Allied cause will ensure victory in the end, at the same time much hard work is necessary in order to guarantee the Allied triumph and this end of the job is not being neglected. The Germans are getting the worst drubbing they have experienced in this war. Of that there can be no doubt.

The news which we publish today will be a source of special gratification to Americans for it shows that the American troops have been placed right where the fighting is hottest and are acquitting themselves like the real soldiers we know them to be. The further news that owing to re-brigading, General Pershing now has an American army of 1,000,000 men under his direct command, and that we now have 1,300,000 in France also goes to show how rapidly events are moving for us. Further, on June 26, General March told the Military Committee of the United States that in August he expected to have 1,450,000 men in France. Having broken all records last month by getting 300,000 men across, he has to send only 150,000 this month to make good his new schedule. He probably will succeed in getting another 300,000 across, however. In June he was five months ahead of his old schedule. He also told the committee that in August there would be a total force under arms of 3,500,000.

The world is now definitely assured that the American reservoir of fighting man power will meet all calls made upon it under the best possible conditions of mobilization and transportation. Millions more are to be added to the American army at the cost of more billions in terms of money. An enlarged army project is now being worked out, to be presented towards the end of September to Congress, which will represent the maximum figures of the nation's efficiency. The full scope of the new measure is calculated to stagger the Germans, who have already been made aware of the great strides the United States is making towards bringing American fighting power to France.

The vital factor, of course, in the extent and speed of Allied victory is the question of shipping, but we need have no anxiety on this score. The Shipping Board has just announced, according to a Philadelphia message, that the War Industries Board has promised the Emergency Fleet Corporation 50,000 tons of steel plates and 16,000 tons of steel shapes weekly next year. This is enough steel to assure the construction of 10,500,000 tons of shipping yearly. The shipbuilding resources of the United States have disposed for ever of the menace which for a time threatened the fortunes of the Allies.

The complete success of the Allied armies is indicated by the report of an officer, who stated that it was "seemingly impossible for any army to gather the number of guns and shells that were abandoned by the Germans in their retirement." The Germans were driven back without time to bury their dead, and German bodies lay so thick that it was

impossible to advance without walking over them.

To top it all off the American Secretary of War announces that he will recommend to Congress an extension of the military selective service ages to a minimum of 19 years and a maximum of 45. This announcement, taken in conjunction with the series of interesting achievements outlined above, ought to convince us that the road to victory, if it is going to be a hard road, is to be at least a sure one. Meantime, the wholehearted and sincere admiration which the British and American troops are winning from their brilliant French commanders is a source of joy to all of us.

## Correspondence

## An Address To Shanghai Americans

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS.

Dear Sir.—It has been left to a Japanese resident to bring forward in plain language the regrettable fact, that at least a large majority of Americans in Shanghai lack public spirit and shirk their responsibilities as citizens of this international community, a fact which has undoubtedly been in the back of the heads of other nationals for a long time, and it is sincerely to be hoped that this gentleman's criticism will awaken in all male Americans here a true sense of their moral obligations as residents of this settlement. During my stay in Shanghai extending over a good many years, the Americans of this community have never shouldered their fair share of the burdens of government or protection. Few have interest enough even to vote at the election of members of the council, and still fewer attend the ratepayers' meetings.

Yet in the face of this lack of interest in things metropolitan, complaint is occasionally heard that there is not sufficient American representation on the governing body. No doubt additional seats on the Council would be provided for Americans if by their personal interest and personal service, they earned such consideration. Very many Americans are even willing to leave the matter of the protection of their lives and property in the hands of other nationals here as is shown by the facts that in the Fire Brigade there are but two Americans, in the Volunteers but one company out of thirteen (the British supply nearly all the men for eight units), and that the American response to the recent call for Special Constables, to fill temporarily the ranks of foreign policemen depleted through men leaving for war service, was fifteen men out of a total of 150. Ten of these Americans went in as a result of their employer—not an American, joining the force himself thus setting an admirable example which they could hardly afford to ignore.

Practically all of the American talents were approached for support in the effort to recruit this force of Special Constables, and nearly all gave the stereotyped reply, "I will see what I can do." What they could or could NOT do seems to be shown above. Their failure to secure results was no doubt due to their unwillingness to set a good example by joining themselves.

The same lack of support and public spirit is encountered with regard to the American unit of the Volunteer Corps, which unit is only kept alive by strenuous efforts on the part of a few of the older members. Too many Americans are satisfied that they have performed their full duty to the community through amusing it by playing baseball, or by contributing a few dollars to this or that charity or function. But that attitude is neither dignified nor sufficient. What is needed is personal interest and personal service, on the part of every member of the American community, in things that concern the public welfare.

Many will allege "lack of time" but that argument is disposed of at once by the fact that nearly all of the British talents and other busy men who are not Volunteers, are enrolled among the Special Constables, while among the private of the Volunteer Corps there are to be found the names of over 140 British subjects who are Directors, Managers, Proprietors, Secretaries, etc., of large interests, and it is fair to assume that these gentlemen are about as busy as their American cousins. With lack of aptitude we are not concerned as that can easily be cured by a little resolution on the part of the individual.

The reason for using the British as a comparison throughout this letter is because there is not a large proportion between their list of available and the available in the American community.

## Italy's Power Revealed

(Literary Digest)

Compelling confirmation of von Kuhlmann's admission that the Central Powers can not win the war by force of arms was obligingly supplied by General Diaz, who was at that moment hurling the broken and demoralized fragments of the Austrian offensive back across the Piave in ruin and rout. This achievement has not only splendidly redeemed the Italian collapse of last year and shattered another Teutonic dream of victory, but, as one editor remarks, has "brought cheer to every soldier of civilization whether in France, in Macedonia, or in Mesopotamia." In military value, says the New York World, Italy's victory is "the greatest triumph of the war for the Allies since the Battle of the Marne;" and in sentimental appeal, it adds, "the relief of Venice from danger of destruction ranks second to no exploit save the delivery of Jerusalem."

"The ignominious breakdown of an offensive by a million men must by itself be reckoned as one of the critical developments of the war," says the Syracuse Herald; and Mr. Frank H. Simonds notes in the New York Tribune that "the Italians belong the credit for having won the first great victory of the campaign of 1918 and having made the great contribution to Allied morale of the current year." Great as is the military value of their success on the Piave, adds Mr. Simonds, "the political importance is tremendous, and its effect in Vienna, in Sofia, and Constantinople, as well as in Berlin, can hardly be overstated."

For Italy, he says, it has the value which the Battle of the Marne had for France, since "it saves the fertile and highly industrialized regions of the northern provinces of the Savoy Kingdom." Thus Austria's "hunger offensive" resulted "not in the conquest of food, but in the loss of a great battle." What we have seen, says the Brooklyn Eagle, "has been a great moral triumph of the Italian nation, which has literally arisen from the dust of defeat and despondency, from the depths of misery caused by the most crushing reverses and disaster, and at a single bound has emerged victorious over a host of enemies, not the least sinister of which were to be found behind the Italian lines."

Austria's long-heralded offensive was launched on June 15, and the general retreat before the Italian counter-attacks began a week later, rapidly developing at some points into a rout. "The enemy has been beaten back across the Piave from Montello to the sea," announced a jubilant despatch from Rome, and General Diaz reported "a great victory" with the enemy repulsed at all points with very heavy losses and with his "pride broken."

Austria's losses in these engagements, according to Italian estimates, were nearly 200,000, including 45,000 prisoners and great quantities of guns and munitions. Italy's entire losses in killed, wounded, and prisoners, according to a semi-official despatch from Rome, were only 49,000, although Vienna extravagantly claims that number in prisoners alone, and puts the total Italian casualties at 150,000 for the first ten days of the battle.

Striking with her utmost military strength after six months of preparation, Austria was hurled back in disastrous defeat on a hundred-mile front by General Diaz without the use of more than a small part of his available reserves. As the Providence Journal remarks: "The utmost effort of which the Vienna Government is capable has been made, and made with no result except to reveal the inherent weakness of the Austrian military machine and to inspire the Allied nations with new confidence."

Austria had promised her soldiers, we learn from papers found on prisoners, that this drive would be the last stroke to put Italy out of the war. Another purpose of the Austrian attack, we are told, was to force the withdrawal of Allied soldiers from the Western front to aid Italy; but a more probable result, remarks the Syracuse Post-Standard, will be the withdrawal of Germans from France to rescue the Austrian armies. As this paper goes on to say:

"The gigantic offensive which was to break the Italian military power and the moral courage of the Italian people has been a boomerang. Austrian military power has suffered and the Austrian morale has been delivered a crushing blow. He who was to help his brother in the great German offensive is calling for help."

How will these dramatic developments in the Italian theater of war affect the German higher command? asks Colonel Repington, a well-known British military expert. And he thus answers his own question in a despatch to the New York World:

"That the Austrian retreat will be a serious disappointment to Ludendorff goes without saying. The grave internal condition of Austria and the fall of the Seldier Government will necessarily exercise a hampering influence upon the Austrian command, and Austria will become more resolutely than ever bent upon peace."

"Many other problems confront German headquarters, such as internal conditions in Germany herself, the rivalry between Turkey and Bulgaria, the most unsettled conditions in Russia, the failure of the submarine, the question of a manpower, and the unexpectedly important arrivals of Americans in France."

"With these will come jealousies and commotions never absent from German main headquarters in the field when anything goes wrong and the patent fact that a great German reverse may cause the whole edifice

to crumble. (Note: This was written early in July before the German failure on the Marne.) These and other heavy anxieties may be calculated to disturb the rest of the German commanders."

"But all these anxieties, it can be said, will be dispelled by victory, and matters have gone too far in France for half measures and compromises to have any effect now."

"Austria will be encouraged to try again and Germany will seek in victory a heroic remedy for all difficulties which afflict her."

The chief strategical result, agrees the New York Evening Post, will be to compel Hindenburg "to strike for a final decision in France as he has never struck before," since "it is perfectly obvious that it is now more than ever do or die for the militarists." To quote further:

"We must look for the early starting of another offensive against either Paris or the Channel ports. The time of fighting for 1918 is slipping away fast, and the Kaiser, as well as Ludendorff, knows that if some tangible results are not shown when winter comes, all Germany will flame with indignation at the failure of the militarists to keep their promises to wind the whole thing up this year. The disastrous failure of the U-boat campaign can no longer be concealed, as the news of the landing of 900,000 Americans with practically no losses spreads abroad throughout the land."

"How much longer will the starved people of Germany then consent to have the war go on in which a victory for them will then plainly be utterly impossible?"

But in another issue the same paper points out that while the breakdown of the Austrian offensive may hasten another Hindenburg blow at the same time it relieves the situation on the entire Western front."

For— "Beyond question, Italy has been a source of concern to Foch. Only the facts should show whether Italian morale had recovered from the disaster of Caporetto. Only the facts could show how much of the Allied reserve might be needed to make head against a second Italian collapse, carrying with it the threat of an enforced separate peace. There is every reason for believing that in the formulation of Allied strategy last winter, in the organization of the army of maneuver with its ultimate implication of a single generalissimo, the Italian situation counted heavily. That great anxiety is now removed. Foch can now think of Paris and the Channel coasts without worrying over the situation between the Alps and the Adriatic."

But from many quarters come warnings against expecting too much from Italy's victory or relaxing our efforts because of it. "Much stress is now being laid on the fact that the enemy's fighting strength is probably now at its highest possible maximum, whereas ours is daily increasing," writes a London correspondent, "but this does not change the attitude of purring men toward the next three months as a critical period, and the enrolment of men up to fifty years of age in the army service is proceeding, fathers already being in the fighting-line with their sons." The Italians themselves, it is pointed out, are going ahead carefully and methodically. And an Italian military authority quoted by a correspondent of the New York Sun says:

"Recent statements made in regard to the comparative ease with which the Italians have been able to withstand the Austrian attack have led to exaggerated expectations in some quarters where apparently the full meaning of the situation is not grasped. Austria had six months of absolute rest in which to prepare and train her armies for the supreme effort. Practically all her troops were on the Italian front, as since the Russian collapse and the end of the war, she has been engaged elsewhere."

"Therefore, all her resources, including the fresh levies of the young men of Austria and Hungary, which count a population of 55,000,000, were arrayed against those of Italy, with a population of 35,000,000."

This disproportion of man-power has been accumulating against Italy for two years. The Austrian proclamation on the eve of the offensive was correct in its statement that the army of the Dual Monarchy never had such an apparently easy chance for victory, based upon superiority in numbers of men, in material and the dangerous nature of the front that the Italians were holding."

"No outlandish expectations should be entertained from the great success of the Italian Army in holding doggedly to the Piave instead of obliging the enemy by retreating to the line of the Po. The Italians have done something more than merely to display their mettle and wipe out the stain of Caporetto; they have inflicted a heavy defeat on a greatly superior enemy; they have struck a moral blow for all the Allies; they have inspired general confidence at a moment when it was needed; but until the time comes for all the Allies, the Italians as well as the British, French and Americans, and who knows but the Japanese and Russians also, to undertake a general offensive, it would be a fundamental mistake to expect the Italians to launch blindly an offensive of their own."

On the heels of Austria's failure, as predicted, came the opening gun of another German peace offensive. Addressing the Reichstag, Dr. von Kuhlmann, German Minister of Foreign Affairs, stated that "in view of the magnitude of this war, its end can hardly be expected through purely military decisions alone and without recourse to diplomatic negotiations." And he went on to indicate, with a certain amount of indiscretion and circumlocution, the conditions of a peace acceptable to Germany. These conditions, stripped of disguise, are thus summarized by the New York Tribune:

"First—That Mitteleuropa shall stand."

"Secondly—That Germany shall have an overseas empire."

"Thirdly—That Germany shall be restored to full economic intercourse with the world."

"Fourthly—That the weapons of diplomacy shall displace the sword."

"Fifthly—That the negotiations shall be secret; and,

"Sixthly—That the world shall accord Germany its honor and respect as a condition preliminary to beginning negotiations."

## What Thing?

The Asahi yesterday published an article telling of the success of arms as displayed by the American forces on the Western front. The article is headed "Remarkable activity of Americans on Western Front: They are as light-hearted on the battlefield as on playground: Americans that don't boast of their victories." Naturally, says the Asahi, the members of the American Embassy are

jubilant at the American successes. The consensus of Americans as regards the successful operations, which are now being carried out by the Americans in Europe, as expressed to their Japanese friends, is one of modesty and not inclined to boast of the brilliant feats of arms as achieved by the American troops. Summarized their statements are to the effect that "the Americans have not yet achieved anything to boast of; one fact is outstanding, however, and that is that the Americans have so far never allowed one of their positions to be captured by the enemy."



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"The British Journal of Photography" says: "The micro-telescope is a most valuable instrument for photography because of the many other uses to which it can be put. The results which we have seen show the extremely good resolution and power which can be obtained."

We have photographed diatoms, seeds, shells, metal surfaces, fish scales, thumb prints, insects, flowers, scab on apples, feline portraits in a studio and 100 yards away, photos of engravings, and other photographs and telephoto views at distances varying from 10 yards to as many miles.

Depth of focus is again a marked feature, while portraits show an artistic softness which is most pleasing. In a separate brochure we illustrate a variety of the photographs we have taken but we invite all who can do so to call and see specimens of the wide range of photography which can be accomplished.

## THE "SUPER-CAMERA"



No. O710.

Fig. 13.

on tilting base-board providing the maximum of rigidity for all classes of photography.

Figs. 14 and 15 show the construction and the mode of adapting it to the microscope. The front "J" fig. 14, is first inserted and then the body of the camera is brought up to it and put in position. The fitting "GG" fig. 15, is inserted into each side of the camera at "G" fig. 14, and fixed on the base-board at "F". This provides the maximum of rigidity. Focusing is done by means of the microscope and the camera. As "snap-shot" photography cannot be done a simple shutter is provided. A slight turn of the handle will open or close it. Exposure down to 1/2 second can be made. For photo-micrography the "super-camera" should rest directly on the lower lens; for tele-photography it is first raised from the front, tilted to the desired angle and then locked in position by the thumb screws on the supports "SS."

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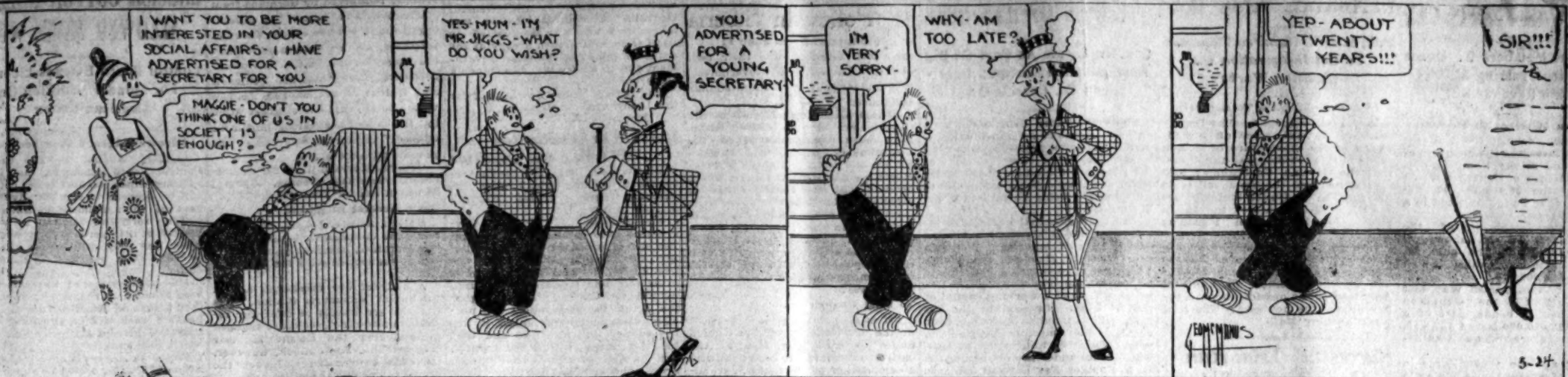
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## Bringing Up Father



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Leisure Hour

## Ferdinand Foch

A Character Study Of The  
Allied Generalissimo

By Maurice Barré, Member Of The  
French Academy  
(From The London Daily Mail)

No one ever seemed more the man  
of the situation than the general who  
commanded-in-chief the Allied armies  
fighting the Germans on the French  
front.

It is not a fortuitous concatenation  
of circumstances or a lucky  
chance which has carried General  
Foch to the position he occupies, but

the very logic of war. He reaches  
supreme command at the moment  
when events have proved his doc-  
trines to be right, and when the re-  
sults of his teaching and methods  
have shown that he has the qualities  
necessary to lead us to victory.

Have we not had it sufficiently  
dinned into our ears that this is above  
all a war of material—practically an  
industrial affair or engineering busi-  
ness? Well, we English and French  
have got together the finest material  
in the world—cannon and munitions,  
of which the quantity and quality  
surpass everything the imagination  
on the eve of hostilities was able to  
conceive, and yet we have come near  
to missing success. Missing it for

want of a chief, for want of that  
single general staff which, accord-  
ing to Moltke, is "the intellectual  
principle of an army."

And were we not also told that in  
war conducted in the German fashion  
the place of the chief and of the  
General Staff had become smaller  
and smaller, that the theories of  
Napoleon's time were out of date,  
and that the first business of our  
officers was to forget what they had  
been taught in the military schools?  
Today all these hasty affirmations  
have disappeared before a vaster and  
more complete experience. What  
appears clearly in the blinding light  
of the battle of the Somme is the  
truth of this principle expressed by  
Foch in the preface of one of his  
works: "Industrial improvements  
modify the forms of war and con-  
stitute the evolution of the art, but  
without bringing about revolution in  
it or in any way altering the funda-  
mental principles of the conduct of  
operations, for wise decisions are  
based exactly on the same considera-  
tions as in the past, and the same  
faults, when repeated, produce the  
same checks. The art of war draws  
its inspiration always from the same  
sources." And these sources are the  
exhaustive study of campaigns and of  
the psychology of great captains.

The life of Foch has been entirely  
devoted to drawing from these wells  
of knowledge what some of his mas-  
ters called "the war sense," and what  
he has defined as "the precious  
faculty of taking decisions appropri-  
ate to one's aims and means, no  
matter what may be the military  
situation in which an officer finds  
himself."

Pupil and professor at the Paris  
Higher Military School, Foch, on the  
day war broke out, was the most  
brilliant representative of that great  
institution, where his teaching had  
continued that of the Maillards and  
Bonhalls and Langlois. Critics have  
not been wanting to proclaim the  
bankruptcy of that teaching at the  
moment when the Germans, burying  
themselves in their trenches and  
bringing up their monster artillery,  
seemed to have revolutionised all  
theories. But those who had some  
knowledge of the training which our  
general staff officers had undergone  
at the military school knew what one

could hope for from that process and  
what one might expect from chiefs  
like Foch, Petain, or Fayolle, who  
were formed by it.

What was it that was taught at the  
Paris Higher Military School? What  
did Foch learn there and what did he  
teach? Not ready-made principles  
capable of being learned by heart,  
not maxims applicable to general  
cases or bookish doctrines, not even  
the reasoned adaptation of a prin-  
ciple to a concrete case.

Nothing so little resembles a  
process of "the art of war" as Foch's  
lectures, published in two volumes  
under the titles of "The Principles of  
War" and "The Conduct of War." Only  
sluggish and superficial minds,  
wrote General Bonnal, who, with  
General Maillard, was in France the  
great founder of higher military  
studies, "could suppose that war doc-  
trine can be formulated in a certain  
number of pages or be constituted by  
a series of theoretical rules. No; such  
doctrine is the expression of a  
psychological state." What psychol-  
ogical state? That which  
Napoleon admirably defined when he  
said, "I am the quicker thinker."

What the war school taught Foch  
and what he tried to teach his pupils  
was to think quickly and to find the  
right and most rapid solution to any  
given problem of war.

rule of war and attacked you  
on the flank when, according to prin-  
ciples, he should have attacked you  
in front."

No doubt in taking a decision at  
La Fere Champenoise contrary to all  
the school theories which condemn  
the displacing of units in action Foch  
recalled, as it were automatically,  
the result obtained at Niderbronn by  
the unexpected deploying of the  
brigades of Fontanges and Ab-  
bati, or the intelligent energy of  
Alvensleben and Prince Frederick  
Charles at Gravelotte.

From his theoretical studies, which  
so many small minds affect to de-  
spise, Foch had thus acquired a war  
sense equal to that of the most  
famous captains. In the sequel one  
saw him, by means of consummate  
art, win all the struggles in which he  
was engaged, nimble as he was to  
utilise the more than mediocre re-  
sources placed at his disposal, and to  
multiply them by maneuvering in such  
a way as to stand up to an enemy  
who possessed numerical superiority.

Thus it was that on the Yser there  
came a moment when he had not a  
single fresh regiment to oppose to the  
onrush of German reserves which  
were every day renewed. By chang-  
ing the position of his troops, and  
giving the enemy the illusion of  
numbers while at the same time ever  
ready to counter-attack, he deceived  
and wore out his adversary, and so  
established the unbreakable barrier  
which has once more resisted the  
most brutal blows of the Germanic  
hordes.

More recently still, in Italy, Foch  
gave proof of his master vision and  
of his rapid and clear grasp of mili-  
tary situations. It is generally  
agreed that to him an important part  
was due in the choice of the lines  
which the Italians have gloriously  
defended in proximity to the Piave.

To the German general staff's plan,  
which is as simple as it is brutal—  
and which scarcely differs from that  
which Clausewitz expressed when he  
affirmed that one should "march  
straight to the goal without worrying  
about the adversary's strategical  
plan, because everything depends  
upon the tactical results" that one  
obtains by multiplying the violence  
of the shock by the mass employed—  
Foch, that faithful adept of the  
Napoleonic principle of economy of  
forces, is predisposed to oppose a  
more subtle method where judgment  
and calculation have a larger share.

To the German onslaught he opposes  
maneuver parrying the direct blow  
with skilful fencing. In this duel in  
which the future of the world and of  
civilisation is at stake, the Com-  
mander-in-Chief of the Allies is  
peculiarly fitted to make use of the  
special qualities of the Anglo-  
Saxons and the French to take  
advantage of their individual value  
and of the moral ascendancy each of  
our soldiers has gained over the  
enemy, and to set his own intelligence  
victoriously against the German  
mass.

If it be true, as General Foch as-  
serts, that "victory goes always to  
those who merit it by superior force  
of intelligence and will," what hopes  
are we not justified in placing in this  
man who has given us so many  
proofs of untameable energy and of  
the most subtle intelligence?

## Tight Squeeze, This!

Washington, June 26.—Are corsets  
essential? This is one perplexing question  
now before the War Industries  
Board.

The board had about decided the  
case adversely to the corset manu-  
facturers on the testimony of steel  
experts that a large amount of their  
material goes into the supports of  
this article of feminine attire.

A delegation of corset makers  
came to Washington today and pre-  
sented a defense of the corset; and  
now the War Industries Board, in  
solemn conclave, will render a final  
judgment.

Meantime the attitude of the  
feminine mind is "I don't care," be-  
cause the new styles provide that  
they may go "with or without."

## Lonesome Men

(From The Washington Star)

One of the lonesome men is the  
tariff expert who tries to start an  
argument about protection and free  
trade.

## A Coming Need

(From The Pittsburgh Gazette Times)

Between now and the date of the  
international peace parley, diplomats  
will have to perfect a new kind of  
gas-mask.

## Sailed from Shanghai

For London, etc.

Hirase Maru ..... June 25  
Tama Maru ..... July 5  
Kamakura Maru ..... July 8  
Mitsuba Maru ..... July 17

## For San Francisco

Venado ..... July 4  
Rindani ..... July 10  
Shany Maru ..... July 10  
Venecuela ..... July 20

## For Seattle

Kaberi Maru ..... July 29  
Manila Maru ..... Aug. 1

## For Tacoma

Arabia Maru ..... June 12  
Africa Maru ..... June 17  
Humidity co. .... 89 71  
Nebulosity 5-10 ..... 8 4  
Rainfall inches .....  
Rainfall inches .....  
For Vancouver

Empress of Japan ..... July 20  
Mashangle ..... Aug. 2  
For Manilla  
Sagun Maru ..... July 19  
Shokwa Maru ..... July 19

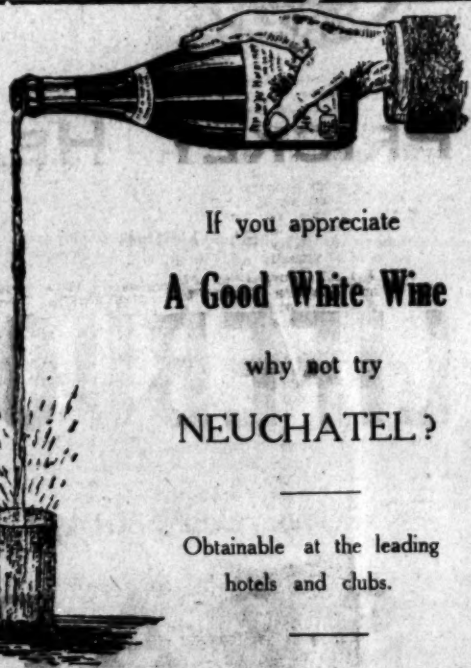
## Sicawei Weather Report

4. Fine hot weather in our regions.  
Fresh showers along the coast. A  
few showers are still covering  
all the SW of China.  
5. Fine hot weather. Some show-  
ers. The barometer is slowly fall-  
ing in our regions.

Monday, August 5, 1918.

WEATHER 4 A.M. 9 A.M.

Bar. at Centg. mm. .... 756.85 757.75  
Bar. at Centg. inches. 29.80 29.83  
Variation for mm. 24h. -0.17 10.65  
Variation for mm. 12h. 11.24 11.17  
Wind—Direction ..... SSE 200  
Wind—Kilom per hour ..... 20 27  
Wind—Miles ..... 12.5 16.5  
Temperature—Cen. .... 24.2 23.9  
Temperature—Fah. .... 75.6 84.2



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## WILSON FOR INCREASE IN WAR PROFIT TAX

So Informs Members Of House Committee Framing \$8,000,000,000 Revenue Bill

(American Wireless To Reuters)  
Washington, August 4.—President Wilson has informed the members of the Ways and Means Committee of the Lower House of Congress, which is framing the \$8,000,000,000 Revenue Bill, that he is interested in a heavy tax on war profits.

The weekly statement of the Federal Reserve Board showed a gain of \$6,700,000 in the gold reserve in member banks, which totalled \$1,550,000,000.

The last of the Spanish War debt has been paid off by the redemption of \$44,000,000 of bonds, part of a block of \$158,000,000 issued June 13, 1915, seven days after war was declared.

So great are the expenditures in these days of warfare on a big scale that the payment created a hardly noticeable reduction in the Treasury's working balance of \$1,500,000,000.

## KUMAGAE WON'T PLAY TENNIS IN U.S. THIS YEAR

Refuses To Take Advantage Of Absence Of Country's Best Players

(American Wireless To Reuters)  
New York, August 4.—In view of the fact that the leading tennis players of the country are in the Army or Navy, Ichio Kumagae, the Japanese player, announced that he would not take part in the national championship matches this month, which he undoubtedly could win, saying "It would be unfair to those American players who have enlisted and are unable to compete."

Kumagae ranks among the "first ten" tennis players in the United States, due to his excellent playing since his arrival here two years ago. Recently he successfully defended his title as single champion in New York by defeating H. Kaahle, of Japan, who had been playing brilliantly in American tennis tournaments.

## CHINA ARRIVES AUG. 20 WITH BUT SMALL CARGO

China Mail Liner Has Only 700 Tons For This Market

But 700 tons of cargo for Shanghai will arrive on the China Mail Steamship Company liner China, which reaches this port August 20. Over 3,000 tons are consigned to Manila. The China left Honolulu Saturday, according to cable advice received by the local offices yesterday.

Among the passengers on the China is Mr. Fred C. Charnas, formerly chief clerk of the China Mail offices here, who returns to resume his duties. He left as temporary purser on the China on her last trip to San Francisco.

## Allied Diplomats Arrive At Murmansk

Representatives Of Entente Now On Ground At Landing Place Of Troops

(Reuters Agency War Service)  
Washington, August 3.—Mr. Francis, the American Ambassador to Russia, has called announcing his arrival at Murmansk with the British, French and Italian diplomats.

## GERMAN NAVAL CHANGE

(Reuters Agency War Service)  
Copenhagen, August 2.—A semi-official message from Berlin states that Admiral von Holtzendorff, the Chief of Staff at the Admiralty, has resigned for reasons of health and Admiral von Scheer, who at present commands the German High Sea Fleet, succeeds him.

## Germans Spent Big Sum In America Before War

Paid Several Hundred Thousand To Get Information On Munition Works

(American Wireless To Reuters)  
New York, August 4.—The Deputy Attorney General, after an investigation of the expenditure of Teuton funds in this country, has announced that the German Government paid to several hundred thousand dollars to its agents in the United States before the United States entered the war in return for information regarding American munition works.

New York, August 3.—The Deputy Attorney General announces that the German Government spent \$1,431,760 in the attempt to influence American public opinion through the purchase of the newspaper The New York Evening Mail.

## Successful Trial Run Made By S.S. Solvaer

The steamer Solvaer, recently completed for Norwegian owners by the Shanghai Dock and Engineering Co., made a successful trial trip outside Woosung Saturday. She carried 500 tons of water ballast over the contract stipulations and ran the measured mile six times for an average mean speed of 11½ knots per hour, also over contract requirements. Engines and auxiliary machinery were tested at full capacity for three hours. Mr. T. Knutson, Norwegian Consul-General, and representatives of the owners and builders were aboard. The Solvaer is now loading for her trip home. She will be sailed by Captain Norval.

## Iron And Steel Union To Be Formed In U.S.

Gompers To Direct Organisation Of Million Workers As New Body

(American Wireless To Reuters)  
Chicago, August 3.—Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, will direct the organizing of a million iron and steel workers in the United States immediately.

## Irish Traitor Given Life Imprisonment

Corporal Who Landed In U-Boat Sentenced To Die But Penalty Is Commuted

(Reuters Agency War Service)  
London, August 3.—Lance-Corporal Dowling, who was arrested in Ireland after landing from a German submarine and subsequently tried by court martial, was sentenced to death by shooting. His sentence has been commuted to penal servitude for life.

## Music for Today

Performances by the Public Band will, weather permitting, be given today, program as follows:

(1) In the Public Garden at 5:30 p.m.

1. March—Manhattan Beach ...Souza.
2. Overture—La Dame Blanche Boieldieu.
3. Waltz—La Faut de Roser Berger.
4. Selection—The Arcadians Monckton.
5. Waltz—Memento In Time ...Bass.
6. Selection—The Earl and the Girl ...Caryl.

(2) In the Hongkew Recreation Ground at 9 p.m.

1. March—The Kentucky Patrol Kaps.
2. Overture—La Reine d'un Jour Adam.
3. Waltz—Pique d'Or ...Waldteufel.
4. Selection—La Fille de Madame Angot ...Lecocq.
5. Intermezzo—A Reverie ...White.
6. (a) Polka—Grandmamma Monckton.
- (b) Romance—Farewell ...Andliffe.
7. Waltz—Amoureuse ...Berger.
8. Selection from the Ballet Sylvia ...Delibes.

Conductor-in-Charge, A. de Kryger.

## WELLS FARGO EXPRESS CLOSES OFFICES HERE

Concern Passes As Part Of Big Amalgamation Scheme; American Co. Carries On

The Wells Fargo Express Co. went out of existence as an individual concern in Shanghai yesterday when the local offices were closed as part of the program of amalgamation under which the great express companies of America are being formed into one big service.

The four principal companies involved in the amalgamation are the Wells Fargo, American Southern and Adams Express Companies. These are formed into a concern, to be called the Federal Express Co., which will have a working capital of \$30,000,000. Business in the Far East will be handled by the branch offices of the American Express Co., which for the time being at least will operate under the old name. Mr. R. A. Foulkes, Far Eastern manager for the American Express Co., will be in control.

The American Express is taking over the Szechuen Road offices of the Wells Fargo company and the staff of the latter will pass under control of Mr. Foulkes.

The Wells Fargo company has maintained its office in Shanghai for two years, the agent here being Mr. Owen Williams, who has been with the company for over 36 years. He is under orders to report to the head offices of the new Federal company in New York and will sail accompanied by Mrs. and Miss Williams on the Nanking August 15.

## Order Of Day Issued By Haig On Anniversary

(Reuters Agency War Service)  
London, August 3.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig issues an Order of the Day to the troops as follows:

The conclusion of the fourth year of war marks the passing of a period of crisis and we now look with added confidence to the future. Russia's revolution set free large hostile forces on the eastern front, which were transferred to the west. It was the intention of the enemy to use the great numbers thus created to gain a decisive victory before the arrival of the American troops should give the Allies superiority. The enemy made every effort to obtain a decision on the western front and failed. The steady stream of Americans arriving has already restored the balance.

The enemy's first and most powerful blows fell on the British, his superiority in men being three to one. Although pressed back in parts, the British line remained unbroken. After many days of heroic fighting, the glory of which will live for all time, the enemy was held.

At the end of four years of war the magnificent fighting qualities and spirit of our troops remain of the highest order. I thank them for their devoted bravery and resolution. I know they will show a like steadfastness and courage whatever task they are called on to perform.

## Peking Sends Students To Hongkong College

(Reuters Agency War Service)  
Peking, August 5.—In accordance with the recent arrangement with the Hongkong University, the Central Government is sending twenty students from the normal schools to be trained at the University, five of whom have been selected in Szechuen and the remainder in Peking.

## CARNEIROS DEPORTED

J. L. Carneiro, R. P. Carneiro and Leopoldo Lemos, charged with million dollar share fraud, and E. Baptista, charged with embezzlement, left for Macao Sunday in charge of Sergeant A. McIntosh of the Shanghai Municipal police. The men will be tried by the Portuguese authorities at Macao.

J. H. Tait, formerly sergeant of police here, convicted of embezzlement by the British Supreme Court, also left Sunday for Hongkong, where he will serve his sentence.

## America Explains Policy In Siberia

(Continued From Page 1)  
their own territory, and their own destiny. The Japanese Government, it is understood, will issue a similar assurance.

"These plans and purposes of the Government of the United States have been communicated to the Governments of Great Britain, France and Italy, and those Governments have advised the Department of State that they assent to them in principle. No conclusion that the Government of the United States has arrived at in this important matter is intended, however, as an effort to restrict the actions or interfere with the independent judgment of the Government which we are associated in the war.

## To Send Commission

"It is also the hope and purpose of the Government of the United States to take advantage of the earliest opportunity to send to Siberia a commission of merchants, agricultural experts, labor advisers, Red Cross representatives and agents of the Young Men's Christian Association accustomed to organizing the best methods of spreading useful information and rendering educational help of a modest kind, in order in some systematic way to relieve the immediate necessities of the people there in every way for which an opportunity may open. The execution of this plan will follow and will not be permitted to embarrass the military assistance rendered to the Czech-Slovaks.

"It is the hope and expectation of the Government of the United States that the Governments with which it is associated will, wherever necessary or possible, tender their active aid in the execution of these military and economic plans."

## Japan Makes Announcement

(Reuters Agency War Service)  
London, August 4.—Reuters Agency is informed that a declaration was gazetted in Tokyo on the 2nd announcing the despatch of Allied troops to Vladivostok.

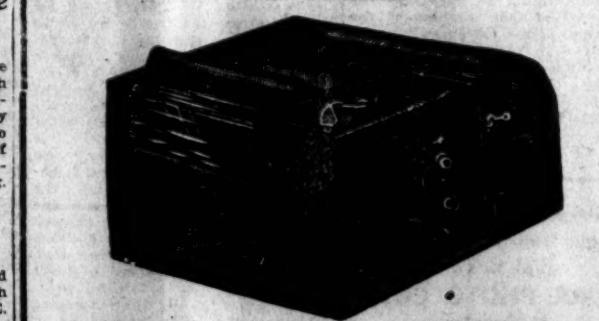
It says that the Government of the United States recently approached the Japanese Government, proposing the early dispatch of troops to relieve the pressure on the Czech-Slovaks. The Japanese Government, anxious to comply with the desire of the American Government, decided immediately to proceed with the disposition of suitable forces for this mission. A certain number of troops will be sent to Vladivostok forthwith. All Japanese troops will be withdrawn from Russian territories when the objects of the mission have been realized and the sovereignty of Russia will be left wholly unimpaired.

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" " Easiest "  
" " Coolest "

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held today to consider the request of the Siberian Government here to mediate between it and General Horvath. A neutral attitude was maintained and it was decided to hand General Horvath a copy of the request made by the Siberian Government and to advise him to arrange a conference.

The British troops are leaving for the Ussuri front tonight.

## Horvath In Vladivostok Working For Coalition

Vladivostok, August 3.—In response to an urgent call from his partisans here, General Horvath arrived today.

The possibility of a Coalition Government here is denied but General Horvath is animated with a conciliatory spirit and is willing to take the best men of the governments formed in eastern and western Siberia into his Cabinet. General Horvath's opinion is that no government can possibly exist in Siberia unless it has the support of the Allies and that his Government, with Allied support, will be able to reform the Russian army and re-establish the front against the Germans. With adequate assistance it will be possible to reach the Ural in the autumn, the moral effect of which on Germany will be far reaching.

## General Horvath Is Ready To Co-operate Fully With The Czechs

Under the pressure of superior forces the Czechs are falling back on the Ussuri front.

## Semenoff Explains His Position

Harbin, August 3.—General Semenov was interviewed by Reuters representative while in Harbin en route to Vladivostok. He began by saying that twice recently the Austro-German forces have surrounded his forces, the last occasion the situation being difficult, but he broke through without serious loss. His men are weary and tired of fighting without reinforcements, while the enemy frequently replaces units with fresh forces from Karemukaya and Onon. General Semenov's force is now near Sagan, awaiting the arrival of the Czech-Slovaks, after which a general advance can be expected.

The enemy forces comprise 6,000 mounted Magyars, 6,000 infantry, mostly Magyars, considered by the General as much superior to the Austrians, thirty guns with Austrian cannons, and two German aeroplanes. The enemy forces are well handled and efficient. Many Russian people are giving up hope of an Allied advance and accepting the German domination as unavoidable, but the Allied movement will bring general co-operation against the German elements.

A Czech staff officer reports that

the enemy on the Nikolai front was recently reinforced by Germans from Harbinovsk and began the present engagement, but the Czechs were not surprised, and are able to drive back the enemy at any time. This officer considers that General Semenov and Kalmikoff are capable leaders whose co-operation is of great value to the Czechs, ensuring numerous Cosack reinforcements once the general advance starts.

## General Horvath Left For Vladivostok Yesterday Evening

General Horvath left for Vladivostok yesterday evening. General Semenov left for Vladivostok today.

## Czech General In Harbin

Harbin, August 2.—General Diederichs, the Commander of the Czech-Slovak forces, has been visiting Harbin in connection with the Semenov front.

A body of 500 Bolsheviks are at present at Manchuria Station. The Chinese are unable to offer any resistance while the Czechs are engaged in attacking the Bolsheviks near Evguievka. The outlook, however, portends co-operation between the forces supporting the Allied cause.

## The Russian People Are Eagerly Awaiting News Of The American Contingent, Which It Is Feared Will Not Arrive As Early As Has Been Expected

General Horvath has placed the Chinese Eastern Railway at the disposal of General Diederichs, with the approval of the Chinese.

General Diederichs left for Nikolai this evening.

## Peking, August 5.—The Japanese Minister, Baron Hayaashi, called on Premier Tuan Chi-jui this afternoon regarding the decision of the Japanese Government to despatch troops to Vladivostok.

## ENGLISH COTTON MILLS ALLOWED MORE WORK

Control Board Extends Licenses For Spindles Working On American Cotton

(Reuters Agency War Service)  
London, August 2.—The Cotton Control Board announces that mills spinning American and mixed cottons will be licensed to run fifty-five percent of their spindles on American cotton forty-five hours a week, instead of fifty percent forty hours a week, and they will also be allowed to run extra spindles on Egyptian cotton.

Manufacturers who hitherto have been allowed to run sixty percent of their looms on American yarns forty hours a week will be allowed to run sixty-five percent forty-five and one-half hours weekly.

The Rota System is abolished from August 19, after which only workers continuously played off can be paid from the funds of the Control Board.

## Zeppelins Destroyed By British Raiders

(Reuters Agency War Service)  
London, August 2.—A telegram from Copenhagen states that as a result of the recent British air raid on the Zeppelin sheds at Tondern two Zeppelins were completely destroyed.

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Range Finders	Profile Paper And Cloth
Angle Mirrors	Drawing Instruments
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# GERMAN ACTRESS IS ARRESTED IN U. S.

Letter Intercepted By Censor  
Gets Frau Margaret Wil-  
kens Into Trouble

## DEFENDS KAISER AT INQUIRY

Dr. Hans Ewers, Alleged Prop-  
agandist, And Two Aus-  
trians Also Under Arrest

New York, June 16.—Frau Margaret Wilkens, an actress, who, it is said, has appeared in various German plays at the German Theater in Irving Place, was taken into custody by Federal agents yesterday. The arrest of the actress followed the interception by the mail censor of a letter which Frau Wilkens, who is well-known in German circles, wrote to a person in South America. The letter was mailed June 2 last, and contained among other things a bitter tirade against the United States. It was said yesterday that in the event of a Grand Jury action is not taken in the case, the internment of Frau Wilkens for the rest of the war will be recommended to the Attorney General.

Another subject of the Kaiser, who is in arrest in Dr. Hans Ewers, described as an active propagandist, and one of the most highly educated Germans in this country. No information as to the nature of the propaganda Ewers is alleged to have been engaged in was made public at the Enemy Alien Bureau yesterday, nor was any information forthcoming as to the past history of the prisoner.

Frau Wilkens is held a prisoner in Waverly House, the Federal detention house for women in New York. She is about 35 years old and first came to the United States in 1913, on the Lusitania. She said yesterday in answer to a question asked her by Captain Roger B. Hull, U.S.A., of the Enemy Alien Bureau, that she thought the Germans did right in sinking the Lusitania. She told Captain Hull that the only thing in the career of "her Kaiser" she disapproves of most was his failure to begin submarine operations sooner than was the case.

In the letter which was intercepted the name of the person in South America to whom the letter was addressed was not disclosed. Frau Wilkens made a reference to what she termed the "false sentiment in the United States against Germany."

"If this sentiment was not so mean it would be ludicrous," she wrote.

It appears from the letter that Frau Wilkens has a brother in this country who has taken out citizenship papers. She referred bitterly to that act on his part, saying that it is not right for Germans to become citizens of the United States since, as she put it, "the Fatherland will need all of its man power when the war is over."

Justified Lusitania Sinking  
In the course of her examination by Captain Hull the woman declared that while crossing the Atlantic in 1913 she was told by members of the crew of the liner that in the event of war the Lusitania would be armed and operated as a cruiser. She added that what the crew told her in 1913, justified, in her opinion, what the German Government did in 1915, when the destruction of the great liner, with all on board, was ordered by the Kaiser's Government. She also told Captain Hull that she approved of the German invasion of Belgium. In 1915 she said she had returned to Germany and had been married to a man named Weiss. When Weiss failed to get into the army soon enough to suit her, she added, she left him.

A German who is now interned in Honolulu as a dangerous enemy alien is said to be a brother of the woman.

Much of what Frau Wilkens wrote to the person in South America was withheld by the Government. That document, it is understood, has been forwarded to Washington for the perusal of the officials of the Department of Justice.

David Schulmann, who is said to

be a subject of Austria-Hungary, was brought to the Enemy Alien Bureau late yesterday afternoon. Schulmann has been working for the Quartermaster's Department on Governors Island, having secured employment at that military post, it is alleged, posing as an American citizen. Schulmann lives at 1170 Washington Avenue.

Carl P. Donner, an Austrian, was brought to the Enemy Alien Bureau in the afternoon. He is a soldier and is in the Depot Brigade at Camp Upton. His father and two brothers are in the Austrian Army. Because his discharge papers from Camp Upton were not sent to the bureau the man was ordered back to Camp Upton. He will be brought back to New York tomorrow.

Wilhelm C. Schroeder was arrested as a result of his failure to register as an enemy alien. He was born in Germany, but claimed Swiss citizenship on the ground that his father is a naturalized citizen of Switzerland. The Government has ruled that the son in such a case remains a subject of the Kaiser unless he, too, has gone through the legal formalities necessary in changing citizenship from one country to another. Schroeder refused to register when given a second

chance to do so and was ordered locked up in the Essex County Jail. Investigator Chaffin's Case

Albert Felder, who is a chauffeur employed by E. M. Burghard, a lawyer of 111 Broadway, was arrested for having firearms in his possession. He had a shotgun, a rifle, and an automatic pistol. The rifle was fitted with a Maxim silencer. With the exception of the shotgun, he said, the weapons belonged to members of the Burghard family. Mr. Burghard informed Captain Hull that the statement was true. The chauffeur, however, was ordered locked up pending a further investigation of his case. He was born in Germany and is still a subject of the Kaiser.

Otto Hoke of 542 West 149th Street was found yesterday in the Riverside Drive barred zone. He had certain papers in his possession which are being investigated. No details concerning this particular case were made public.

William Wallace, Jr., who as special assistant to the Attorney General has been at the head of the New York Port Alien Enemy Bureau, and whose resignation took effect yesterday, on leaving his office in the Federal Building gave out the following statement: "On Feb. 9 I undertook to organize

a bureau to handle alien questions in this port arising under the Presidential proclamations. It was then believed that this could be accomplished by May 15.

"To relieve me of business embarrassments opposing counsel in pending litigation kindly agreed to suspend proceedings until that date. "About May 10, at the request of the Attorney General, that period was extended to June 15, in accordance with the understanding that I go back to my practice.

"The bureau organization is compact, efficient, and doing first-class team work. From Captain Hull down, including several 'dollar-a-year' men of exceptional capacity, they are all giving hard, loyal service. It has been a real pleasure to work with such a force.

"My regret that my own work could not be arranged to permit of my giving longer service is relieved by the convictions that Rufus W. Sprague, Jr., who succeeds me, will be equal to any demand the service can make upon him."

Mr. Sprague, who is a Washington, is expected to arrive in New York tonight. He will take charge of the office tomorrow morning. Captain Hull will remain as principal assistant to Mr. Sprague.

## Arrivals

Arrived	From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Aug. 5	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	R. S. & S.
Aug. 5	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Br.	R. S. & S.
Aug. 5	Chefoo	Shuntien	Br.	R. S. & S.
Aug. 5	Chefoo	Talshun	Br.	R. S. & S.
Aug. 5	Hankow	Wosang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Aug. 5	Hankow	Fengyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. C.
Aug. 5	Hankow	Kienyung	Br.	C. M. S. N. Co.
Aug. 5	Japan	Fujian Maru	Jap.	
Aug. 5	Tsingtao	Toku Maru	Jap.	

## Vessels In Harbor And At Woosung

Date	From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
July 29	Hongkong	Andre Lebon	Jap.	
July 29	Japan	Amagasaki Maru	Jap.	
July 29	Hongkong	Antiochus	Br.	R. S. & S.
July 29	Manila	Bussia Dollar	Br.	R. S. & S.
July 29	Japan	Capito	Jap.	
July 29	Hankow	Chiyodo Maru	Jap.	J. M. & Co.
July 29	Japan	Chicago Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
July 29	Ningpo	Chinchong	Br.	C. M. S. N. Co.
Aug. 2	Chinwangtao	Esang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Aug. 2	Japan	Fukoku Maru	Jap.	
Aug. 2	Japan	Futaba Maru	Jap.	
Aug. 2	Japan	Harold Dollar	Br.	R. S. & S.
Aug. 2	Tsingtao	Hakushin Maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
Aug. 2	Hongkong	Hefei	Jap.	
Aug. 2	Antung	Iselin Maru	Jap.	
Aug. 2	Japan	Isoo	Jap.	
Aug. 2	Japan	Jun Maru	Jap.	
Aug. 2	Hankow	Javary	Jap.	C. M. S. N. Co.
Aug. 2	Japan	Kiangshin	Jap.	
Aug. 2	Japan	Kato Maru	Jap.	
Aug. 2	Chefoo	Koonshing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Aug. 2	Japan	Korou Maru	Jap.	Alexander
Aug. 2	Japan	Kanji Maru	Jap.	
Aug. 2	Japan	Kurama Maru	Jap.	
Aug. 2	Japan	Koyo Maru	Jap.	
Aug. 2	Japan	Kanagawa Maru	Jap.	
Aug. 2	Japan	Nichibi Maru	Jap.	
Aug. 2	Hongkong	Parthia	Jap.	
Aug. 2	Japan	Shoyei Maru	Jap.	
Aug. 2	Hongkong	Sado Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Aug. 2	Hongkong	Sinkiang	Br.	R. S. & S.
Aug. 2	Antung	Simbirak	Br.	R. V. F.
Aug. 2	Japan	Tsunai Maru	Jap.	
Aug. 2	Newchwang	Tungwah	Br.	C. M. S. N. Co.
Aug. 2	Hongkong	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	Alexander
Aug. 2	Japan	Tomashima Maru	Jap.	
Aug. 2	Singapore	Vindel	Jap.	
Aug. 2	Chinwangtao	Yelko Maru	Jap.	S. Shokai
Aug. 2	Japan	Yamashiro Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

## Men-of-War In Port

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag	Rating	Tonnage	Commander
ODW	Aug. 13	Hankow	D de Lagree	Fr. g-b.	Br. g-b.		
SD	June 9	Cruise	Monocacy	Am. g-b.	100		McFeater
WTF	Oct. 27	Yantai	Nightingale	Br. g-b.			
OD	May 29	Cruise	Am. g-b.	130			H. Talane
SD	June 11	Cruise	Teal	Br. g-b.			
WTF	May 13	Cruise	Toba	Jap. g-b.			
WTF	May 13	Cruise	Woodlark	Br. g-b.	120		

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## SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

Shanghai North To Nanking—Up										(Main Line)		Nanking To Shanghai North—Down									
STATIONS	Local	Express	Fast	1st and 4th	Fast	Local	Fast	Local	Express	STATIONS	Local	Fast	Fast	1st and 4th	Fast	Express	Local	Express			
SHANGHAI										PEKING											
NORTH	7.55	8.30	9.40	12.45	13.25	17.15	22.00			TIENTSIN											
SOOCHOW	8.41	9.15	10.30	14.15	15.10	19.30	2.10			CENTRAL											
WUJIAO	10.41	11.20	12.45	16.45	17.47	21.50	3.05														
CHANGCHOW	11.55	12.45	14.15	18.45	19.50					THINANPU											
YANKING	13.05	13.55	15.15	19.45	20.55					PUKOW											
CHINKIANG	14.15	15.05	16.25	20.55	21.55																
NANKING	15.15	16.05	17.25	21.55	22.55																
										NANKING											
										CHINKIANG											
										TIENTSIN											
										CHANGCHOW											
										SOOCHOW											
										WUJIAO											
										THINANPU											
										PUKOW											



## FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

## Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, August 5, 1918.  
Money and Bullion  
Sovereigns: buying rate.  
① 4/91=11s. 4.10  
② 4/91=11s. 4.10  
Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate.  
① 1131=11s. 4.10  
② 1131=11s. 4.10  
Max. Dollars: Market Rate: 72.2  
Whal Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls. 280  
Copper Cash: per tael 1323  
Native Interest: .07

Latest London Quotations  
Bar Silver: 481.20  
Bank Rate of Discount: 5%  
Market Rate of Discount: 5%  
3 m/s. 4.10  
4 m/s. 4.10  
6 m/s. 4.10  
Exchange on Shanghai, 60 d.s.  
Ex. Paris on London: Fr. 27.25  
Ex. N. Y. on London: T.T. \$4.76 1/2  
Consols: 113 1/2

Exchange Opening Quotations  
London: T.T. 4/91  
London: Demand 4/91  
India: T.T. 318  
Paris: T.T. 651 1/2  
Paris: Demand 654 1/2  
New York: T.T. 113 1/2  
New York: Demand 113 1/2  
Hongkong: T.T. 70  
Japan: T.T. 401  
Batavia: T.T. 217

Banks Buying Rates  
London: 4 m/s. Cds. 4/11 1/2  
London: 4 m/s. Docy. 4/11 1/2  
London: 6 m/s. Cds. 4/11 1/2  
London: 6 m/s. Docy. 4/11 1/2  
Paris: 4 m/s. 67 1/2  
New York: Docy. 4 m/s. 117 1/2

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE  
RATES FOR AUGUST  
Hk. Tls. 8.75 @ 4/91  
1 @ 4/91 France 7.29  
0.79 @ 1133 Gold 11  
1 @ 4/91 Yen 2.38  
1 @ 15 Rupees 4.00  
1 @ 1.20 Mex. \$1.50

COMMERCIAL CABLES  
London, August 2.—Today's rates.  
and deliveries were:  
for account 55 1/2  
Paris: London at New York 27.16 1/2  
T.T. on London at New York 27.16 1/2  
Bar Silver (spot) 481.20  
Discount 5%  
Market Rate of Discount 5%  
Cotton: Egyptian Fully Ginned 36.10  
Cotton: M. G. Fine Scinde 15.86  
Cotton: Good Middling 21.02  
Plantation Rubber August 2s. 15 1/2

LONDON COTTON MARKET  
London, August 1.—Today's cotton prices were:  
Good Middling American no quotation.  
August 19.68  
October 18.60

The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.  
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Write to us for particulars of our Special Policies, at 10 Canton Road, Shanghai.

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British-America Assurance Co.  
Telephone No. 98  
The undersigned, as agents for the above company, are prepared to grant policies against fire on foreign and native risk at current rates.

FRAZAR & CO.  
13, 14 and 15 Bubbling Well Road.  
Seven minutes from Bund by tram.  
Strictly first-class cuisine under the personal supervision of the proprietress. Separate baths, hot and cold water, electric light. Tel. W. 1271.

U. K. METAL MARKET  
London, August 2.—Today's metal prices were:  
Standard Copper G.M.B. 122 5/8  
American Electrolytic 98  
90% Copper L.O.B. 137 0/0  
Lead L. B. c.i.f. per ton 29 0/0  
Soft Lead "Spanish" L.O.B. (net) 29 0/0  
Quicksilver, second hand ex warehouse L.O.B. (1/2 extra in tank) 29 0/0  
Muntz Metal, L.O.B. London 13 1/2  
Standard Tin (cash) 52 0/0  
Spelter (cash) L.O.B. 52 0/0  
Galvanised Sheets 24 Gauge L.O.B. 26 5/8  
Standard Tin (3 months) 398 10/0

REUTER'S SERVICE  
London, August 2.—Today's metal prices were:  
Standard Copper G.M.B. 122 5/8  
American Electrolytic 98  
90% Copper L.O.B. 137 0/0  
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Standard Tin (3 months) 398 10/0

## Hongkong Market

Meers. Moxon and Taylor write as follows in their report for week ending July 26.  
The strength recorded last week has been in evidence ever since, and the market has experienced an all-round rise, investment stocks particularly being in steady demand.  
Shanghai has repeated its performance of last week. The beginning of the week opened strong, followed by weakness and again by strength.  
Banks.—Hongkong Banks have been done to a large extent at 610 and 615, closing with buyers at 620.  
Marine Insurance.—Cantons in request at 350 and North China at Tls. 125. Unions have also experienced a sharp rise to 350.  
Fire Insurance.—China Fires following the Union rise, have advanced to 340 cash. Hongkong Fires have buyers at 325.  
Shipping.—Douglases are a strong market at 480 for cash, closing with a steady demand. Steamships have changed hands at 320 1/4. S. S. Ferries are firm at 24 1/2. Preferred Indos continue in request at 330 and Deferred Indos have changed hands at 142. Shells are wanted at 142 1/2.  
Refineries.—China Sugars have had a sharp advance to 38 1/2 for cash. Malabars could be placed at 35 but there are no shares offering.  
Oils and Mining.—Rauhs have buyers at 22 1/2 and Urals at 17 1/2. Trenches continue in request at 38 1/2 and Kallans at 47 1/2. Langkats have changed hands at Tls. 16 and Tls. 17.  
Docks, Wharves and Godowns.—Kowloon Wharves are a strong market for cash at 92 with a few shares offering. A large business has been done for cash in these shares round about 90. Hongkong Docks have continued their rise, and 112 1/2 is offered for cash, 113 1/2 having been done for September. Shanghai Docks fell away in the beginning of the week until as low as Tls. 142 was done for September. At the close the buying rate is Tls. 140 for cash and Tls. 142 for September. Shanghai buying at these quotations.  
Lands, Hotels and Buildings.—Centrals are wanted at 382. Hotels at 394. Lands have come to business at 394. Humphreys have a main advanced and 37 1/2 is offered for cash. Kowloon Lands are wanted at 325 and West Pons at 374.  
Electric Companies.—Hongkong Electric are in steady demand at 62. Trams are wanted at 37 and China Lights at 35.  
Miscellaneous.—China Borneos are a firm market at 39 1/2. Dairy Farms have advanced to a buying rate of 329 1/2. Ropes are wanted at 329. Providents at 47 1/2. Cements at 37 1/2. Powells have changed hands at 35 1/2 and Waterbats are a quiet market at 32.  
Exchange.—The Demand rate on London is 3/4 and the T. T. selling rate on Shanghai is 69.

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## Piece Goods And Yarn

In their report for week ending August 2, Messrs. Libert & Co. write as follows:—  
Signs of improvement in trade mentioned in our last report have become more in evidence and a steady enquiry from certain districts has been met by purchasers paying rather better rates. Both Szechuen and Newchwang merchants have been in the market, the former being more particularly interested in White Shirtings. The improvement has been especially marked in Lo-al spinings, for which there has been a much stronger market, but to a greater extent it has been more of a speculative rather than for an actual demand emanating from the consuming districts. In fact it is reported that outside markets have been receiving locally near previous yarn purchases. The weather throughout the last week has been all that could be desired by the native farmers in the surrounding districts. After the heavy rain during the early part of July, the prospects of a good Autumn harvest are certainly very encouraging, a great deal however will depend on the condition of the weather during the present month.  
Grey Shirting 3 1/2 lbs.—We are informed of the following sales for the River Forster—Nine Boys at Tls. 4.85 and Red Round Stag at Tls. 4.75. Auction prices steady.  
9-11 lbs.—Small sales have come to our notice in Nine Boys at Tls. 5.35 and Soldier at Tls. 5.75. Auction values were well maintained.  
12 lbs.—One transaction is reported in White Soldier at Tls. 7.75.  
Local Sheetings.—Our market has continued steady with the following business transacted for Szechuen and the River. No. 600 at Tls. 3.05/No. 500 at Tls. 3.45. One Cash at Tls. 7.55. Flower No. 2 at Tls. 7.75. Gold Horse at Tls. 7.55. Flower No. 3 at Tls. 7.55. Nine Sons at Tls. 7.50. Old Man at Tls. 7.45 and Flower No. 4 at Tls. 7.35. Values at auction steady.  
Jeans.—No private sales have been brought to our notice. Auction market quiet.  
Dyed and Fancy Cottons.—A strong undertone has been evident in our market and prices have hardened considerably, more specially for Dyed. Italians and Venetians. Prices at auction firm.  
Local Sheetings.—A good demand has been evident and the market closes firm at higher prices.  
Cotton.—The local steady has been very much stronger during the last week with fewer sellers for the remaining balance of the old season's crop. Quotations for old crop may be given as nominal for Tunchow Tls. Tls. 35.50 to Tls. 36.00. Quality, Tanchow best at Tls. 33.00. Steam Ginned Tls. 37.50. Ordinary Shanghai at Tls. 35.50 and 35.80. Rates for New Season's Cotton, delivered October, November and December are reported for Shanghai Grades at Tls. 35.25 to Tls. 35.50 and for Tunchow at Tls. 35.50 to Tls. 36.00 at which prices a good business has been reported.  
The news from India does not report very favorably for the new season crop, the lack of rain being severely felt in the cotton growing areas.  
Reuter cables the Liverpool quotations as follows:—Good Diddling American at 29.98d. Egyptian Sakelands at 29.98d. and P. M. G. Bengal at 15.71d. per lb.  
Local Yarn.—Out of the somewhat monotonous tone into which our market had fallen and from which it has been gradually surving during the last week or so, a decidedly better feeling has arisen. Both buyers and speculators have suddenly become more interested during the last few days, prices have improved quite materially, more especially for 16's and 20's. Sales are reported in 10's—200 Bales Chelin at Tls. 132.00 to Tls. 137.50 and 200 Bales Sycoe Joss at Tls. 135.00.  
12's—300 Bales Teekwan at Tls. 144.00 to Tls. 149.00.  
14's—250 Bales Four Hee at Tls. 145.00 to Tls. 150.50.  
16's—1,000 Bales Waterman at Tls. 154.00, 600 Bales Wedding at Tls. 152.00 to Tls. 155.00, 1,300 Bales Two Tiger at Tls. 150.00 to 155.00, 1,200 Bales Phoenix at Tls. 155.00. Subsequently a speculative movement set in and sales were made in this count of 300 Bales Two Tiger at Tls. 160.00, 400 Bales Wedding at Tls. 160.00 to Tls. 165.00, 3,000 Bales Waterman at Tls. 161.00, Tls. 162.00 and Tls. 165.00.  
20's—1,000 Bales Waterman at Tls. 164.00, 700 Bales Five Men at Tls. 165.00, 500 Bales 30's and 40's at Tls. 164.00, 500 Bales Three Joss at Tls. 171.00, Tls. 172.00 and Tls. 175.00.  
Indian Yarn.—The firmer tendency of last week has been well maintained and prices have advanced all round with the following sales reported:—No. 10's 200 Bales Sorah at Tls. 153.00, 200 Bales Svedesh Ring Rose at Tls. 157.00 and 50 Bales T-Sundias at Tls. 151.50.  
Japanese Yarn.—Our market has advanced a further ten tael per bale with a tendency to higher prices. Details of sales are as follows:—No. 16's 200 Bales Kanegafuchi at Tls. 166.00, 100 Bales Kanegafuchi at Tls. 167.00, 300 Bales Kurashiki at Tls. 165.00 and 300 Bales Setzu at Tls. 163.00.  
No. 20's 400 Bales Kishiwada at Tls. 172.00.

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BENJAMIN AND POTTS  
SHARE LIST  
Yesterday's Prices

STOCK	Quotations Closing
Banks	
H. K. and S. B. ....	\$365 B.
Chartered .....	271
Russo-Asiatic .....	250
Marine Insurance	
Canton .....	\$340 B.
North China .....	Tls. 120 B.
Union of Canton .....	\$770 B.
Yangtze .....	\$300 B.
Far Eastern Ins. Co. Ltd .....	Tls. 25 B.
Fire Insurance	
China Fire .....	\$135 B.
Hongkong Fire ....	\$325 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Pref. ....	Tls. 140
Indo-China Def. ....	142 1/2 B.
"Shell" .....	Tls. 25 B.
Shanghai Tug (o) ....	Tls. 38
Shanghai Tug (f) ....	







# GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

## Future Sailings

### FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Aug. 15	—	San Francisco	Nanking	Am.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 16	—	San Francisco	Korea Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Aug. 17	—	San Francisco	Scindia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Aug. 18	—	Seattle, etc.	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Aug. 20	—	Tacoma and Seattle	Altai Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
Sept. 3	—	San Francisco	Siberia Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Sept. 8	—	Tacoma & Seattle	Kumano	Jap.	O. S. K.
Sept. 14	—	San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Sept. 14	—	Vancouver	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Sept. 16	—	Seattle, etc.	Is of Japan	Br.	C.P.R.
Sept. 19	—	Tacoma & Seattle	Fushimi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Oct. 7	—	Vancouver	Arabia Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Oct. 7	—	Vancouver	Monteagle	Br.	C.P.R.

### FOR JAPAN PORTS

Aug. 6	—	Nagasaki, Kobe & Yama	Yamashiro Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Aug. 6	—	Nagasaki	Simbirsk	Rus.	R.V.F.
Aug. 9	—	Nagasaki, Kobe & Yama	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Aug. 9	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kumano	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Aug. 10	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Aug. 14	—	Kobe	Inaba Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Aug. 17	—	Nagasaki, Kobe & Yama	Tategami Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Aug. 17	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Tategami Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

### FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

—	Port Said	Esan Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
—	London, etc.	Kanagawa Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
—	London, etc.	Sado Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

### FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Aug. 6 noon	Amoy, H'kong & C'ton	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 6	—	Foochow	Chl.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 6 4.30	Ningpo	Kiangtse	Chl.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 7	Hongkong	Tai-shun	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 7 4.00	Ningpo	Hsin Feking	Chl.	N.S.N. Co.
Aug. 7 4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chl.	N.S.N. Co.
Aug. 8 D.L.	Swatow	Holow	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 9 2.00	Amoy, H'kong & C'ton	Suiyang	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 11 D.L.	Swatow & Hongkong	Kailong	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 14	Hongkong	Siberia Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Aug. 17	Takao, F'chow & K'lung	Kohoku Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
Aug. 19	Manila and H'kong	Fushimi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Aug. 21	Manila & Singapore	Arabia Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
Aug. 24	Hongkong	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Aug. 28	H'kong & Singapore	Mexico Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.

### FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Aug. 5	—	Vladivostok	Simbirsk	Rua	R.V.F.
Aug. 6	10.30	Tsingtao and Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Aug. 6	2.00	W'wai, C'foo, & T'sin	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 6	—	Tsingtao	Yekishin Maru	Jap.	D.K.K.
Aug. 6	—	Tientsin	Tungwah	Chl.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 6	noon	W'wai, Chefoo & T'sin	Koehsing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Aug. 7	—	Neuchwang	Feiching	Chl.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 8	—	Tsingtao	Noto Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
Aug. 10 10.00	W'wai, Chefoo & T'sin	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.	
Aug. 10 12.30	Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.	
Aug. 15	D.L. Antung	Wenchow	Br.	B. & S.	
Aug. 15	—	T'sin, Dairen, Tsingtao	Keelung Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.

### FOR RIVER PORTS

Aug. 6 M.N.	Hankow etc.	Tuckwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Aug. 6 M.N.	Hankow etc.	Suiyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Aug. 6 M.N.	Hankow etc.	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 6 M.N.	Hankow etc.	Changong	Br.	H.O. S.S. Co.
Aug. 7 M.N.	Hankow etc.	Kiangyung	Chl.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 7 M.N.	Hankow etc.	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 7 M.N.	Hankow etc.	Pengyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Aug. 8 M.N.	Hankow etc.	Tungting	Chl.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 8 M.N.	Hankow etc.	Kiangwa	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Aug. 9 M.N.	Hankow etc.	Loongwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Aug. 9 M.N.	Hankow etc.	Yohyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Aug. 9 M.N.	Hankow etc.	Luknyi	Br.	B. & S.

\*A.M. M.N.—MIDNIGHT. D.L.—DAYLIGHT.

## Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Aug. 4	11.00 Swatow and Hongkong	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 4	4. Tientsin, etc.	Noto Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
Aug. 4	4.00 Hankow, etc.	Chl.	C.M.S.N. Co.	
Aug. 5	6 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Talee Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Aug. 5	6 M.N. Hankow etc.	Kutwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Aug. 5	6 M.N. Hankow etc.	Kiangyung	Chl.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 5	6.00 W'wai, Chefoo, T'sin	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 5	11.00 Hongkong & Canton	Paoiting	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 5	11.00 Swatow	Tamsui	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 5	— Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Chl.	N.S.N. Co.
Aug. 5	5. Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chl.	N.S.N. Co.

## Vessels Loading

### For River Ports

**HANKOW AND PORTS.**—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s str. Tuckwo, 2,775 tons, Capt. Campbell, will leave on Tuesday, Aug. 6, at about 12 o'clock (midnight). For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., General Managers, Raffles Place, Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

**HANKOW AND PORTS.**—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Tungting Capt. C. C. Williams, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, August 6, at about 12 o'clock (midnight). For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

**HANKOW AND PORTS.**—The Co.'s str. Suiyang Maru Capt. A. E. Inwood, will be despatched from the China Merchant's Central Wharf on Tuesday, Aug. 6, at about 12 o'clock (midnight). For Freight and Passage, apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 6 The Bund, Tel. No. 3256.

**HANKOW AND PORTS.**—The Co.'s Steamer Fengyang Maru Capt. S. Takano, will be despatched from C. M. Lower wharf on Wednesday, Aug. 7, at about 12 o'clock (midnight). For Freight and Passage, apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 6 The Bund, Tel. No. 3256.

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Wuchang Capt. Pickard, will leave on Wednesday, Aug. 7, at about 12 o'clock (midnight). For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents, Tel. No. 77.

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Tungting Capt. R. A. Watt, will leave from the French Bund on Thursday, Aug. 8, at about 12 o'clock (midnight). For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

**HANKOW & PORTS.**—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Kaifong, Capt. E. J. Pottinger, will leave from the French Bund on Sunday, August 11, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

**ANTUNG.**—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Wenchow, Capt. A. McDowell, will leave on Thursday, Aug. 15 at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents, Tel. No. 77.

**TAKAO (Formosa) via FOO CHOW & KEELUNG.**—The str. Kohoku Maru Capt. S. Ohba, will be despatched from the Yangtsepooh wharf on Aug. 17, at —. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nishin Kisen Kaisha at — on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund, Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

**MANILA and SINGAPORE.**—The Steamer Arabia Maru, Captain S. Hagata, will be despatched on August 21, at —. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom Jetty at — on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund, Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

**HONGKONG & SINGAPORE.**—The str. Mexico Maru Capt. K. Komiyu, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtsepooh wharf on Aug. 23, at —. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom Jetty at — on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund, Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

**HONGKONG.**—The str. Canada Maru Capt. Y. Yamamoto, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtsepooh wharf on Sept. 6, at —. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom Jetty at — on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund, Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

**HONGKONG.**—The str. Canada Maru Capt. Y. Yamamoto, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtsepooh wharf on Sept. 6, at —. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom Jetty at — on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund, Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

**For Northern Ports**

**WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIEN-TSIN.**—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Shuntien, Capt. Northcombe, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, August 6, at 2 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

**NEWCHWANG.**—The str. Feiching, Capt. A. B. Baines, will leave on Wednesday morning. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

**TIEN-TSIN DIRECT.**—The str. Tungwah, Capt. C. Smith, will leave on Tuesday morning. For Freight or Passage, apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

**TINGTAO.**—The str. Noto Maru Capt. K. Miya, will be despatched on Aug. 8. For Freight please apply on Aug. 4. For Freight please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund, Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

**WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIEN-TSIN.**—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Fengtien, Capt. Harris, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, Aug. 10, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

**TIEN-TSIN AND DAIREN via TSINGTAO.**—The str. Keelung Maru Capt. S. Imai, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtsepooh wharf on August 18, at —. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nishin Kisen Kaisha at — on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund, Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

**For Foreign Ports**

**TACOMA AND SEATTLE CALLING KOBÉ, YOKKAICHI.**—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's str. Altai Maru Capt. H. Yamamoto, will be despatched on August 30. Through Bills of Lading are granted to overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany shipment to U.S.A. For Freight, please apply to The O. S. K., No. 4, The Bund, Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

**TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING AT VICTORIA B.C. via NAGASAKI, KOBÉ, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU, and YOKOHAMA.**—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's str. Africa Maru, Captain H. Yamamoto, will be despatched on September 8. Through Bills of Lading are granted to overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany shipment to U.S.A. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's Jetty at — on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund, Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

**TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING AT VICTORIA B.C. via NAGASAKI, KOBÉ, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU, and YOKOHAMA.**—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's str. Arabia Maru, Captain S. Nagata, will be despatched on September 19. Through Bills of Lading are granted to overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany shipment to U.S.A. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's Jetty at — on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund, Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

**TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING AT VICTORIA B.C. via NAGASAKI, KOBÉ, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU, and YOKOHAMA.**—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's str. Arabia Maru, Captain S. Nagata, will be despatched on September 19. Through Bills of Lading are granted to overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany shipment to U.S.A. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's Jetty at — on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund, Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

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## C. N. C.

### CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

#### YANGTSE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.

#### FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.—S.S. Luca XI, Nankin, Poyang, Taitung, Tientsin, Wuchang and Chungking.—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight. These steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's regular sailings on the Middle Yangtze and Hunan Lines.

The steamers Wuchang and Chungking are specially fitted to handle heavy lifts, etc., but have no accommodation for foreign passengers.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and every third Monday and Thursday.

For WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIEN-TSIN (and Peking via Tientsin).—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shantung and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailings every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate Thursday.

For AMOY, SWATOW, HONGKONG, and CANTON S.S.—Suiyang, Sunning, Shikiang, Yingchow, Sungkiang and Kaifong.—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with services to Philippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday mornings.

For NINGPO.—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund. Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4.30 p.m.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons, and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc. see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE" obtainable from the Under-Signed, or from The International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co. (Agent), or from Messrs. Thomas Cook & Son, Ltd., Asiatic Bank Building, 15 The Bund.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents 11-23 French Bund.

Freight: Telephone No. 77. Passage: Telephone No. 401.

## PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.

"SUNSHINE BELT" Trans-Pacific Service

By the New, 14,000 Ton, Oil Burning Steamers "ECUADOR" "VENEZUELA" "COLOMBIA"

AMERICAN REGISTRY

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI (Subject to Change)

For San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu

S.S. ECUADOR ..... Aug. 17

S.S. COLOMBIA ..... Aug. 24

S.S. VENEZUELA ..... Sept. 21

Steamers equipped with most modern improvements for the safety and comfort of passengers. One and two Red staterooms only. No Upper Berths. Tickets interchangeable with Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd., and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

East India Service

By the Modern, Oil Burning Steamers "COLUSA" ..... 16,000 tons "SANTA CRUZ" ..... 15,000 tons

AMERICAN REGISTRY

SAILINGS FROM MANILA (Subject to Change)

For Colombo via Singapore and Calcutta

S.S. SANTA CRUZ ..... AUG. 10

S.S. COLUSA ..... Oct. 10

S.S. SANTA CRUZ ..... Sept. 25

Safety and comfort of passengers our first consideration. For information re freight or passage apply to

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY

1-3 Nanking Road, Palace Hotel Building. Telephone



# SHIPPING

## N. Y. K.

### NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government  
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI  
(Subject to alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE			
Per London or Liverpool via ports. (For Liverpool.)			
KANAGAWA MARU	12,500		
SHIMO MARU	12,500		
AMERICAN LINE			
Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Manila, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B.C., and Seattle, Washington.			
SEIWA MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Sekine,	Aug. 19
FUKUSHI MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Iriwaka,	Sept. 16
SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE			
(Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)			
YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	Capt. Y. Nakajima,	Aug. 9
CHIKUGO MARU	5,000	Capt. K. Saida,	Aug. 6
YAMAGUCHI MARU	4,500	Capt. N. Tsuruhashi,	Aug. 16
SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBÉ AND OSAKA LINE			
KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. S. Saito,	Aug. 7
OSAKA MARU	7,000	Capt. M. Machida,	Aug. 10
YAMAGUCHI MARU	4,500	Capt. A. Nakamata,	Aug. 17
FOR JAPAN			
YAMATO MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Migo,	Aug. 14
KOBÉ TO SEATTLE			
KAMO MARU	16,000	Capt. R. Shimidzu,	Aug. 19
FOR HONGKONG			
KANUMA MARU	19,000		Sept. 3
KATORI MARU	19,000		Oct. 2
FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG			
FUKUSHI MARU	21,000		Aug. 19
SEIWA MARU	21,000		Oct. 22
AUSTRALIAN LINE			
Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila.)			
AME MARU	12,500		Aug. 21
YAMAGUCHI MARU	14,000		Sept. 18
SHIMO MARU	12,500		Oct. 16
CALCUTTA LINE			
Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage.)			
BOMBAY LINE			
Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage.)			

## CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

### TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

#### TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

000—Midnight, 1330—130 p.m.

July 1st, 1917, and until further notice

Peking-Mukden Line			
Mail	Local	Express	Mail
101	101	101	102
102	102	102	103
103	103	103	104
104	104	104	105
105	105	105	106
106	106	106	107
107	107	107	108
108	108	108	109
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Tientsin-Pukow Line			
Mail	Local	Express	Mail
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Yenchow-Tsingchow Branch Line					Linchow-Tsochung Branch Line								
900	1300	2100	L. Yenchow a.	640	1200	2000	500	1100	1900	L. Linchow a.	810	1410	2100
1000	1400	2200	a. Tsingchow J.	520	1100	1800	600	1210	1900	a. Tsochung J.	700	1300	1900



# Business and Official Notices

## POOTOO

'The only Trip of the Season'

The Ningshin Steamship Company's new palatial steamer

"NINGSHIN" ex "TAISHAN"

will leave Shanghai on Friday, August 9th at 4.30 p.m. for the Ningshao Wharf leaving Pootoo, Sunday 3.00 p.m. and arriving at Shanghai Monday daylight August 12th.

On way to Pootoo the steamer will pass Lanchow and Chinghai, and on return trip the Chusan Islands, in daylight.

Make the trip and see scenery similar to the famous Island Sea of Japan.

Share for the round trip including all meals

Forward Saloon \$30.00  
After Saloon \$25.00

For passage, apply to  
The San Peh S.N. Co., Ltd., Agents  
8a Yuen Ming Yuen Road.

## Calculator Machines for Sale

A time-and-money-saving machine which adds, subtracts, multiplies and divides. Sold for the small sum of Tls. 15.00 only.

APPLY TO THE  
Continental Import & Export Company  
8 MUSEUM ROAD.

## American Express Co.

Head Office, New York.  
10, The Bund  
Tel. Central 1969  
SHANGHAI

Ten Thousand offices in the United States, also offices at principal European Cities and at Manila, Hongkong, Yokohama, Buenos Ayres, etc.

Travelers Cheques, Letters of Credit, Money Orders, Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers on all parts of the world.

Banking business of all kinds transacted. Bills of Exchange purchased. Commercial Letters of Credit issued. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits.

Special facilities for shipping and financial business with the United States.

## TURKISH BATH

and Massage establishment, for people reduce and benefit their health. We also cure rheumatism, nervousness, sciatica, gout, lumbago, neuralgia and alcohol and nicotine poison.

15 years' experience in U.S.A.  
Prof. L. K. SETO.  
Tel. N. 2763. 25 North Szechuen Road.

The man worth while is the man with a smile when everything goes dead wrong.

EXPERTS IN SKINS AND BRISTLES.

TERMS—Cash in advance.  
You pay for samples and telegrams.

We quote cif Shanghai prices.

WIDLER & CO.

Chungking, West China.  
Born 1915—Still Existing.

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 10

## NOTICE

The Bank of Communications hereby notifies the public that the One, Five, Ten, Fifty and One Hundred Dollar Notes issued by the Shanghai Branch of said Bank and marked "Shanghai" are redeemable at said Branch in Mexican Dollars and that the same are accepted by all of the Foreign Exchange Banks at Shanghai and by the Shanghai Municipal Council.

Notice is further given that the One, Five, Ten, Fifty and One Hundred Dollar Notes issued by said Bank and marked "Kiangsu" are redeemable in Chinese Government Dollars.

Shanghai, August 2, 1918.  
Bank of Communications, Shanghai Branch

By H. TAO,  
Manager.  
18894

## CARPETS OF EXCELLENCE

At the Lowest Possible Prices.

Come and See Us.

The HWA YEN Factory—the largest and most modern of its kind—invites your inspection and patronage. We have a large stock of Oriental carpets and rugs from which to choose. The best patterns manufactured from guaranteed quality sheep or camel hair. Our dyes are warranted to fadeless. Customers' own designs made up to order.

Prices according to quality and size from \$7.50 upwards or by the square foot, at \$0.50 to \$1.40 per foot.

For the convenience of our Patrons we have recently arranged an adequate and comfortable showroom. PLEASE PAY US A VISIT. We shall be pleased to show you our carpets and the method of manufacture. You will not be importuned to buy—we leave this matter to your judgment.

Our factory will be found on the NORTH side of PEKING ROAD, a little East of Shans Road Corner. The No. 18.

IT PEKING ROAD.  
Beware of imitation Carpets—superior to be made from camel or sheep's wool—which are really manufactured from Hemp.  
A Camel wool carpet will wear for 15 years.  
A Hemp carpet will wear for only 3 years.

## HONMA HOSPITAL.

No. 21 Miller Road. Tel. North 2981

Dr. T. YAMADA,  
(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Tokyo and Fukuoka.)

Internal Medicine.

Children's Diseases.

Dr. K. HONMA,  
(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka.)

Women's Diseases.

Confinement, Surgery,

Skin Diseases.

Veneral Diseases.

Durham Trading Co., Ltd.

(IN LIQUIDATION)

Share certificate relating to 35 shares in the name of WU TING SENG has been lost. Notification of loss has been given to the Liquidators of the Company, and I hereby warn all persons not to deal with or accept the said certificate as of any value.

WU TING SENG  
18872

## BILL SMITH

It may be that there are products superior to Elephant Head French Peppermint, but they are not to be procured on this market.



ASK BILL!

## Yut Sae Chang & Co.

Wholesale Hardware Merchants,  
Building Contractors—  
Engineers' Supplies.  
41284 BROADWAY, SHANGHAI.

Alcohol Fans, Spring Hinges and Green Wire Cloth. 17897

Conseil d'Administration Municipale de la  
Concession Francaise de Changhai

## AVIS AU PUBLIC

A partir d'aujourd'hui les Bureaux du Service Sanitaire sont transférés au N° 540 de la Route Francaise de Zikawei, Telephone N° West 1512.

Par Ordre,

Le Secrétaire du Conseil,  
G. LAFERRIERE.

French Municipal Council

## PUBLIC NOTICE.

From to-day the Municipal Health offices are transferred to Route Francaise de Zikawei, No. 540. Telephone No. West 1512.

By Order,

G. LAFERRIERE,  
Secretary.  
18891

Finest Egyptian Cigarettes from FIORAVANTI & CHIMENZ

Port Said

per 100

Sultan (Large gold tipped) ... \$3.50

Sultan (Cork medium size) ... \$3.00

Non Plus Ultra (Large plain) ... \$3.00

Non Plus Ultra (Gold small) ... \$2.00

Extra Fine (Plain medium size) ... \$1.75

Naturel (Plain medium size) ... \$1.50

Sansoune (Plain medium size) ... \$1.50

Fatma (Small for ladies) ... \$1.00

Samples upon application to

The Italian Trading Company

4B-Peking Road. Tel. C. 2737.

18872

## THOMAS W. SIMMONS & CO.

of San Francisco

## IMPORTERS OF

Steel and Iron Goods of every description, Bars, Angles, Sheets, Plates, Nails, Hoops, Tin Plate, etc., Machinery, Belting, Hardware, Paints, Chemicals, Dyes.

## EXPORTERS OF

Chinese Produce, specializing in Oils, Seeds, Ores, Metals, Feathers, Bristles, etc.

Temporary Office:

37-B Canton Road, Shanghai

Telephone, Central 8083

Telegraph Address "SIMMONS"

18897

## FOR SALE

Recently arrived, 1,000 boxes Tin Plates, 112 sheets, 14" by 10", 901 a. Packed in tin lined and iron hooped boxes. Competitive prices on application to

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

(Zung Le and Sons. Established 1891).

Corner of Broadway and Tiendong Road.

## MACHINES FOR

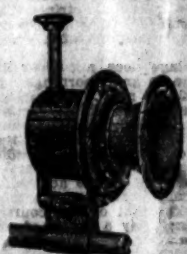
Calculating  
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Typing  
Numbering  
Copying  
Dating

Cheque-writing  
Paper-Punching  
Paper-Clipping  
Perforating  
Embossing  
Eyeletting  
Stamping

Carbons, Ribbons, Erasers, and a complete line of office supplies in stock.

Filing Systems A Specialty

Phone THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO. Phone 4778  
4 Canton Road, Shanghai.



## EVERY MOTOR-CYCLIST

should have the protection of a

STEWART Hand Operated

WARNING SIGNAL

A clear, sharp, warning blast, which will penetrate all other noises—AND WARN BUT NOT FRIGHTEN.

For particulars, apply to the Sole Agents,

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

## MASON & CO.

CONFECTIONERS

No. 90 BUBBLING WELL ROAD, (OPPOSITE RACE COURSE)  
Fancy Cakes and Candies of French Style in All Descriptions

Telephone Central 2829

Dr. James Yaking

Men's Diseases only

Hours: 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Y. 282 North Szechuen Road

Special rates to men in uniform.

T. Ichiki & Co.

Phone North 2631.

Dealer in

Musical Instruments and Music.

Y. 36, North Szechuen Road.

## THE MANAGEMENT ANNOUNCES

THE GRAND OPENING

OF

## THE NEW WORLD

ON WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 7TH.

COME and SEE

THE SUBWAY

which joins the two buildings. This stupendous work lies 25 feet below the road surface.

NEW ATTRACTIONS! SIDE SHOWS!

Circus, Cinema, Artistes from from Peking, etc.

Cold Drinks and other Refreshments.

Foreign Band in Attendance.

BRING YOUR FRIENDS!

BUBBLING WELL ROAD NEXT TO RACE COURSE.  
18896

## Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

## APARTMENTS

### WINDSOR HOUSE

14-18 Quinan Gardens

Comfortable rooms front and back, (with bathroom and verandah), to let. Good table.  
Telephone North 482.

### No. 8 Quinan Gardens

To let first floor furnished room with bathroom attached, suitable for married couple or two bachelors. Also one single room. Terms moderate. Apply Mrs. G. F. Fook.

TO LET, well-furnished rooms, with board. Good table. 54 Broadway Terrace. 18886 A. 2.

CENTRAL: To let, small well-furnished room with board. \$65. Apply to Box 186, THE CHINA PRESS. 18883 A. 3.

CENTRAL: To let one large well-furnished room facing south, for married couple or two friends also one single room with bath-rooms attached and one small room suitable for office. Apply Mrs. Benn, 9 Hankow Road, flat 18. 18890 A. 6.

## EDUCATIONAL

A Chinese gentleman wants to teach Chinese to foreigners at night. British or American preferred. Apply to Mr. Cheng, 787 Chengtu Road. 18893 A. 6.

## TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consular, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translation work undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents, advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, 1 Museum Road, or P.D., 159 Haining Road, opposite West End Lane.

## THE CATHAY LACE CO.

19 Nanking Road, Shanghai

The Chief Manufacturers and Exporters of Hand-made Laces, Embroideries, Etc.

Big Stock

of

FILET LACES

for

WHOLESALE



## AMERICAN

APPLE CIDER

APPLE CIDER

APPLE CIDER

SWEET

PURE

&

WHOLESALE

For Sale by All Clubs, Hotels and Stores,

Connell Bros. Company, Agents, Shanghai and Hongkong.

## SITUATION VACANT

WANTED: Experienced stenotypist with general office experience. Apply to Box 188, THE CHINA PRESS. 18895

## HOUSES WANTED

WANTED to sublet a six-roomed house, furnished or unfurnished. Western district, but centrally located with all modern conveniences. Lease and electric fittings must be taken over. Cheap rental. Apply to Box 183, THE CHINA PRESS. 18896 A. 1.

## HOUSES TO LET

TO LET: From October 1st, a semi-detached house, centrally located in Western district. Four rooms, bath, office and servants' quarters. Furniture and fixture to be taken over. Apply to Box 194, THE CHINA PRESS. 18894 A. 6.

FOR RENT: Bungalow in desirable neighborhood, Rent Tls. 30. Tenants leaving in September, desire to dispose of furniture and fixtures, price moderate. An opportunity for anyone desiring an attractive home at low cost. Apply to Box 192, THE CHINA PRESS. 18890 A. 8.

FURNISHED HOUSE of six rooms near French Park, garden, tennis, etc., to let at once. Tls. 125. Apply to Box 195, THE CHINA PRESS. 18895 A. 8.

TO LET, 9 Tsongchow Road, adjoining Burlington Hotel, 6 roomed residence. Rent Tls. 60. Apply premises for inspection. J. T. Hammond, 38 Nanking Road. 18878

TO LET: No. 6 Wayside Road corner residence of five good rooms near Wayside trams. Rent Tls. 60. Apply premises for inspection; further particulars J. T. Hammond, No. 38 Nanking Road. 18876

## SITUATIONS WANTED

WANTED:—By an experienced young foreigner a position as go-down or store keeper, excellent references, please apply to Box 196 THE CHINA PRESS. 18896 A. 11.

WANTED position by a young man as a junior clerk, who has two years' mercantile experience, and also acquainted with general office routine. Speaks local dialect fluently. Good references. Salary no object. Apply to Box 193, THE CHINA PRESS. 18891 A. 8.

YOUNG MAN: European (Allied), Patriotic, volunteering for war service, desires position as Purser or as any kind of assistant on board an Allied ship sailing from Shanghai to America or France. Please apply to Box 184, THE CHINA PRESS. 18896 A. 9.

## Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE IN SEPTEMBER: Bedroom suite and top roll desk all in excellent condition. Price \$200.00. Apply to Box No. 189, THE CHINA PRESS. 18893 A. 7.

FOR SALE: one Automatic Sporting Rifle fitted with peep sight, case, accessories and 300 rounds of ammunition. Price \$100.00. All in perfect order, imported last year. Apply to Box 190, THE CHINA PRESS. 18895 A. 7.